



Q2 2014

QUARTERLY REPORT



Walker Commons, Houston TX

Dear Unitholders,

We are pleased to announce continued strong results in Q2 2014, improving on what we considered to be an extremely good first quarter.

We've exceeded our comparison period on all key financial measures, as highlighted by our increase in revenues which totaled \$10.9 million, an increase of 71.1% over the \$6.4 million during the second quarter in the prior year. Our strong results were supported by continued increases in occupancy rates, with an **average leased occupancy rate of 99.0%** during the quarter, and an increase in **same property average rent per occupied unit of 4.5%**, compared to the same period in the prior year. Our portfolio presence, now in Phoenix, Dallas and Houston, demonstrates our commitment to acquiring attractive, institutional quality apartment properties located in the strongest and fastest growing economies of the American Sunbelt region.

Pure Multi's FFO was \$3.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2014 (\$0.111 or 87.4% per class A unit), compared to \$1.6 million (\$0.071 or 129.6% per class A unit) during the first quarter of 2013. This represents an increase of 56.4%, in FFO per class A unit. AFFO was \$2.8 million during the same period of 2014 (\$0.101 or 95.9% per class A unit), compared to \$1.5 million (\$0.065 or 141.9% per class A unit) in the prior year. This represents an increase of 56.0%, in AFFO per class A unit. The favourable variance was due to the additional properties we operated in the current quarter, combined with strong organic growth, as we experienced same property revenue growth of 6.2% and very strong same property NOI growth of 18.7%. Although the NOI growth was partially skewed due to the timing of operating expenses at the property level, when normalizing these costs we still achieved very robust same property NOI growth of 11.4% and we anticipate overall **fiscal 2014 same property NOI growth in the 8% to 10% range**.

Subsequent to the end of the quarter, we acquired the Preserve at Arbor Hills in Plano, Texas and the remaining 80% interest in the San Brisas Apartment Homes in Chandler Arizona. These two luxury Class A properties have increased Pure Multi's portfolio to fifteen investment properties, comprised of 4,462 high quality residential units and is situated on 244.7 acres of land. The average residential unit size is over 885 square feet, and the portfolio's weighted average year of construction is 1995.

Pure Multi will continue to target acquisitions of Class A properties in high quality sub-markets that exhibit strong employment growth and positive demographic trends. There continues to be a large supply of marketed and off-market acquisition opportunities that permit Pure Multi to execute its growth plans with discipline. We are excited about the growth prospects of the Pure Multi platform in the near future and as we seek to acquire assets in the major markets of the state of Texas, as well as premier submarkets of select Sunbelt economies such as Phoenix, Arizona and Denver, Colorado.

Management strives to deliver continued strong results, execute our growth strategy, tell our story, and increase value for our unitholders. We believe that our current investors will be rewarded as the quality of our apartment portfolio, and our continued strong operating results, becomes more evident to the market.

Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Steve Evans". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a prominent initial "S" and "E".

Steve Evans

CEO, Pure Multi-Family REIT LP



PURE MULTI-FAMILY REIT LP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014

Dated: August 7, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I	1
FORWARD-LOOKING DISCLAIMER	1
BASIS OF PRESENTATION	2
OVERVIEW	2
OUTLOOK	6
SECTION II	7
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS RECONCILIATION	7
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	13
DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME	16
STANDARDIZED DISTRIBUTABLE CASH	18
SEGMENTED INFORMATION	18
FINANCIAL CONDITION	18
LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES	23
CAPITAL STRUCTURE	26
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	27
OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS	27
SECTION III	28
SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS	28
SECTION IV	30
CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES	30
FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES	30
SECTION V	31
RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES	31
RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS	34
OUTSTANDING UNIT DATA	35
SECTION VI	36
SUBSEQUENT EVENTS	36
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	36
TRADING SYMBOLS	36

SECTION I

FORWARD-LOOKING DISCLAIMER

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the financial position and the results of operations of Pure Multi-Family REIT LP ("Pure Multi") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 should be read in conjunction with Pure Multi's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on Pure Multi's website at www.puremultifamily.com. Historical results, including trends which might appear, should not be taken as indicative of future operations or results.

Certain information in this MD&A contains forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws (also known as forward-looking statements) including, among others, statements made or implied under the headings "Results of Operations", "Financial Condition", "Liquidity and Capital Resources", "Risks and Uncertainties" and "Outlook" relating to Pure Multi's objectives, strategies to achieve those objectives, beliefs, plans, estimates, projections and intentions; and similar statements concerning anticipated future events, results, circumstances, performance or expectations that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements generally can be identified by words such as "outlook", "believe", "expect", "may", "anticipate", "should", "intend", "estimates" and similar expressions.

In particular, certain statements in this MD&A discuss Pure Multi's anticipated future events. These statements include, but are not limited to:

- (i) Pure Multi's growth strategy, including the accretive acquisition of properties and the anticipated extent of the accretion of any acquisitions, which could be impacted by demand for properties and the effect that demand has on acquisition capitalization rates and changes in the cost of capital;
- (ii) maintaining occupancy levels and rental revenue, which could be impacted by changes in demand for Pure Multi's properties, financial circumstances of tenants, including tenant defaults, the effects of general economic conditions and supply of competitors' properties in proximity to Pure Multi's properties;
- (iii) overall indebtedness levels, which could be impacted by the level of acquisition activity Pure Multi is able to achieve, fair value of its properties and future financing opportunities;
- (iv) tax status of the Pure US Apartments REIT Inc., which can be impacted by regulatory changes enacted by governmental authorities;
- (v) anticipated distributions and payout ratios, which could be impacted by capital expenditures, results of operations and capital resource allocation decisions;
- (vi) obtaining and maintaining adequate insurance for Pure Multi's properties; and
- (vii) anticipated interest rates and exchange rates.

Forward-looking statements are provided for the purpose of presenting information about management's current expectations and plans relating to the future and readers are cautioned that such statements may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties and should not be read as guarantees of future performance or results. Those risks and uncertainties include, among other things, risks related to: unit prices; liquidity; credit risk and tenant concentration; interest rate and other debt related risk; tax risk; ability to access capital markets; lease rollover risk; competition for real property investments; environmental matters; changes in legislation; and indebtedness of Pure Multi.

Management believes that the expectations reflected in forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions and information currently available, which include, management's current expectations, estimates and assumptions that: proposed acquisitions will be completed on the terms and basis agreed to by Pure Multi, property acquisition and disposition prospects and opportunities will be consistent with Pure Multi's experience over the past 12 months, the multi-family residential real estate market in the "Sunbelt" region in the United States will remain strong, the global economic environment will remain stable, interest rates will remain at current levels, and Pure Multi's business strategy, plans, outlook, projections, targets and operating costs will be consistent with Pure Multi's experience over the past 12 months, Pure Multi will be able to maintain occupancy at current levels, tenants will not default on lease terms, governmental regulations and taxation will not change to adversely affect Pure Multi's business and financial results, and Pure Multi will be able to obtain adequate insurance and financing; however, management can give no assurance that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of factors that may affect future results is not exhaustive. When relying on forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to Pure Multi, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events.

These forward-looking statements are made as of August 7, 2014 and Pure Multi assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances, except as required by law.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Unless otherwise noted, all financial information has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The financial information included in this MD&A for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 includes material information up to August 7, 2014. Except as otherwise stated in this MD&A, all dollar amounts in this MD&A, including per unit amounts, are stated in U.S. dollars.

On January 1, 2014, Pure Multi adopted IFRIC 21, *Levies* ("IFRIC 21"), and such standard is reflected on a retrospective basis with restatement of prior period comparative information as of and subsequent to January 1, 2013. IFRIC 21 removes Pure Multi's ability to accrue and recognize property taxes on a pro-rata basis throughout the given reporting year. As a result, property taxes must be recognized when the obligating event occurs, which is deemed to be January 1 of the given reporting year.

All references herein to "consolidated" refer to amounts as reported under IFRS. All references to "Pure Multi's interest" refer to a non-IFRS measure presented on a proportionally consolidated basis and assuming Pure Multi did not adopt the IFRIC 21 accounting policy change. For a reconciliation of Pure Multi's statement of financial position and results of operations, see "Statement of Financial Position and Results of Operations Reconciliation".

Certain figures in this MD&A are non-IFRS measures, including, Pure Multi's interest, Funds from Operations or FFO, Adjusted Funds from Operations or AFFO, and Distributable Income or DI. For an IFRS to non-IFRS reconciliation, see "Statement of Financial Position and Results of Operations Reconciliation", "Liquidity and Capital Resources – Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations" and "Distributable Income".

OVERVIEW

About Pure Multi

Pure Multi is a Canadian-based publically traded vehicle which offers investors exclusive exposure to U.S. multi-family real estate assets. It offers investors the ability to participate in monthly distributions, with potential for capital appreciation, stemming from ownership in quality apartment assets located in core cities within the "Sunbelt" region of the U.S.

Pure Multi is a limited partnership formed under the Limited Partnership Act (Ontario) to invest in multi-family real estate properties in the United States. Pure Multi was established by Pure Multi-Family Management Limited Partnership (the “Managing GP”), its managing general partner, and Pure Multi-Family REIT (GP) Inc. (the “Governing GP”), its governing general partner, pursuant to the terms of a Limited Partnership Agreement (the “LP Agreement”). Pure Multi’s head office and address for service is located at 910 – 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3L2. A copy of the LP Agreement can be obtained from Pure Multi or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Pure Multi, through the Pure US Apartments REIT Inc. (the “US REIT”), was established, among other things, for the purposes of acquiring, owning and operating multi-family real estate properties in the United States.

Operational and Financial Highlights *(all metrics stated at Pure Multi’s interest⁽¹⁾)*

On May 21, 2014, Pure Multi raised gross proceeds, through the issuance of a private placement, of \$20,000,999. On June 27, 2014, Pure Multi used these proceeds to complete the acquisition of Walker Commons, a 352 residential unit, multi-family apartment community (“Walker Commons”), located in Houston, Texas, for a purchase price of \$43,800,000.

Subsequent to the acquisition and as at June 30, 2014, Pure Multi’s portfolio consisted of 14 investment properties comprising 3,966 units and situated on 219 acres of land.

During the second quarter of 2014, Pure Multi was able to increase total revenues by 71.1% compared to the same quarter in 2013, and obtain an increase of 6.2% in same property revenue growth⁽²⁾ and an increase of 4.5% in same property average monthly rent per occupied unit⁽³⁾ during the same period.

Pure Multi earned an average monthly rent per occupied unit of \$937.95, or \$1.077 per square foot, on its entire portfolio during the three months ended June 30, 2014 (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$914.84 and \$1.029, respectively) and average monthly rent per occupied unit of \$932.01, or \$1.071 per square foot, on its entire portfolio during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$913.54 and \$1.026, respectively).

Pure Multi had mortgages payable in the amount of \$224.0 million, with a weighted average interest rate of 3.99% as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$196.3 million and 4.12%, respectively).

The resulting loan to gross book value, after the transactions noted above, is 62.5% as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 64.0%), situated below the maximum indebtedness level of 70% stipulated within the LP Agreement. See “Capital Structure”.

<i>Pure Multi’s interest</i>	As at June 30, 2014	As at December 31, 2013
Number of properties	14	13
Number of units	3,966	3,614
Physical Occupancy	98.3%	95.7%
Leased Occupancy	99.6%	96.9%
Investment properties (<i>000’s</i>)	\$ 389,797	\$ 337,603
Mortgages payable (<i>000’s</i>)	\$ 223,995	\$ 196,333
Weighted average effective interest rate on mortgages payable	3.99%	4.12%
Loan to gross book value	62.5%	64.0%

Notes:

- (1) Pure Multi's interest (non-IFRS measure); (1) represents the proportionate share of all assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of all its portfolio investments, and (2) prorates and accrues property tax liability and expense, on all portfolio investments, based on the time period of ownership throughout the given reporting year.
- (2) Same property revenue growth (non-IFRS measure) represents total property revenues, including other income, for properties owned during the entire comparative periods.
- (3) Same property average monthly rent per occupied unit (non-IFRS measure) represents average monthly rental income for occupied units, net of concessions and discounts, for properties owned during the entire comparative periods.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s, except per unit basis)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Rental revenue, same property ⁽¹⁾	\$ 11,470	\$ 10,924	\$ 6,357	\$ 5,985
Rental revenue, properties acquired ⁽²⁾	10,056	947	4,543	386
Total rental revenue - Pure Multi's interest ⁽³⁾	21,526	11,871	10,900	6,371
Net rental income, same property ⁽⁴⁾	6,308	5,664	3,425	2,887
Net rental income, properties acquired ⁽⁵⁾	5,181	352	2,357	189
Total net rental income - Pure Multi's interest ⁽³⁾	11,489	6,016	5,782	3,076
Distributions	5,044	3,680	2,666	2,061
Per Class A unit (basic and diluted)	0.19	0.18	0.10	0.09
Per Class B unit (basic and diluted)	1.26	0.92	0.67	0.52
Distributable income ⁽³⁾	6,093	3,202	3,052	1,590
per Class A unit (basic and diluted)	0.23	0.16	0.11	0.07
per Class B unit (basic and diluted)	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
Payout ratio	82.8%	114.9%	87.4%	129.6%
Funds from operations ⁽³⁾	6,093	3,202	3,052	1,590
per Class A unit (basic and diluted)	0.23	0.16	0.11	0.07
per Class B unit (basic and diluted)	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
Payout ratio	82.8%	114.9%	87.4%	129.6%
Adjusted funds from operations ⁽³⁾	5,549	2,971	2,780	1,452
per Class A unit (basic and diluted)	0.21	0.15	0.10	0.07
per Class B unit (basic and diluted)	1.39	0.74	0.70	0.36
Payout ratio	90.9%	123.9%	95.9%	141.9%

Notes:

- (1) Rental revenue, same property (non-IFRS measure) represents total property revenues, including other income, for properties owned during the entire comparative periods.
- (2) Rental revenue, properties acquired (non-IFRS measure) represents total property revenues, including other income, for properties which were acquired and not owned during the entire comparative periods.
- (3) For an IFRS to non-IFRS reconciliation, see "Statement of Financial Position and Results of Operations Reconciliation", "Distributable Income", and "Liquidity and Capital Resources – Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations".
- (4) Net rental income, same property (non-IFRS measure) represents property net rental income for properties owned during the entire comparative periods.
- (5) Net rental income, properties acquired (non-IFRS measure) represents property net rental income for properties which were acquired and not owned during the entire comparative periods.

Properties Acquired

On June 27, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Walker Commons, a multi-family apartment community (“Walker Commons”), located in Houston, Texas, for a purchase price of \$43,800,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 5 year mortgage in the amount of \$28,470,000.

As at June 30, 2014, the geographic concentration of Pure Multi’s portfolio is made up of 14 investment properties, with an aggregate of 3,966 units, located within the metropolitan areas of Dallas - Fort Worth, Texas (“DFW”), Houston, Texas and Phoenix, Arizona.

As at June 30, 2014								
Property Name	Location	Year of Acquisition	Units	Fair Market Value (\$000s)	Loan to Fair Market Value	Cap Rate	Physical Occupancy	Leased Occupancy
Fairways at Prestonwood	DFW, TX	2013	156	\$ 17,718	48.9%	5.75%	97.4%	99.4%
Vistas at Hackberry Creek	DFW, TX	2013	560	48,100	61.3%	6.25%	98.6%	99.8%
Windsong Apartments	DFW, TX	2013	264	18,000	30.8%	6.75%	97.7%	98.9%
Fountainwood Apartments	DFW, TX	2013	288	19,893	65.3%	7.00%	99.0%	99.7%
Livingston Apartments	DFW, TX	2013	180	28,300	56.2%	5.85%	97.8%	99.4%
Oakchase Apartments	DFW, TX	2012	236	14,059	62.6%	6.75%	99.6%	100.0%
Windscape Apartment Homes	DFW, TX	2012	154	8,934	57.0%	6.75%	98.7%	98.7%
Stoneleigh at Valley Ranch	DFW, TX	2012	210	24,450	56.0%	5.85%	98.1%	99.5%
Sunset Point Apartment Homes	DFW, TX	2012	408	24,695	64.7%	6.75%	97.8%	100.0%
Prairie Creek Villas	DFW, TX	2012	464	61,710	51.8%	6.00%	97.6%	99.8%
Stoneleigh at Bear Creek	DFW, TX	2012	436	50,412	63.6%	5.75%	99.1%	100.0%
DFW, TX			3,356	316,271	57.0%	6.18%	98.3%	99.7%
Walker Commons	Houston, TX	2014	352	43,800	65.0%	6.00%	98.6%	99.4%
The Boulevard at Deer Park	Houston, TX	2013	216	24,100	68.4%	5.65%	98.6%	100.0%
Houston, TX			568	67,900	66.2%	5.88%	98.6%	99.6%
San Brisas Apartments ⁽¹⁾	Phoenix, AZ	2013	42	5,626	48.5%	5.50%	94.8%	96.2%
Portfolio Total			3,966	\$ 389,797	58.5%	6.12%	98.3%	99.6%

Note:

⁽¹⁾ Pure Multi has a 20% interest in San Brisas Apartments. All amounts shown reflect Pure Multi’s 20% interest in the investment property.

The weighted average physical occupancy rate was 98.3% and weighted average leased occupancy rate was 99.6% for all properties owned as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 95.7% and 96.9%, respectively). The lease terms at residential properties typically have terms between one to 12 months.

OUTLOOK

Pure Multi has raised approximately \$194.5 million, through public and private offerings, since it began operations in July of 2012 to the date of this report. This includes the issuance of 34,834,824 Class A Units and 2,197,912 share purchase warrants for gross proceeds of \$171.5 million, and the issuance of 23,000 Convertible Debentures for gross proceeds of \$23 million. These proceeds have been used to acquire a high-quality portfolio of apartment communities, predominantly located within the Dallas-Fort Worth area, but also with exposure to the Houston and Phoenix sub-markets.

As at June 30, 2014, Pure Multi's portfolio consists of 14 investment properties, 3,966 high-quality apartment units, comprising over 3.47 million rentable square feet and situated on 219 acres, located in Texas and Arizona.

Pure Multi's strategy is one of strong growth combined with steady cash distributions to unitholders. Management continues to focus on core "Sunbelt" markets within the U.S. and the acquisition of well located, quality apartment communities, with a conservative mix of medium to long-term conventional mortgage debt. In addition to growth by acquisitions, Pure Multi continues to expect strong organic growth to come from within its portfolio. During the second quarter of 2014, Pure Multi experienced same property revenue growth of 6.2% and same property average rental rate growth of 4.5%, compared to the same period in the prior year.

Pure Multi ended the second quarter of 2014 with a physical occupancy rate of 98.3% and a leased occupancy rate of 99.6%, over its entire portfolio, as at June 30, 2014. The portfolio average physical occupancy rate for the first six months of 2014 was 96.8%, while the average leased occupancy rate was 98.4%. Management targets an annual average physical occupancy rate between 96% and 98%, as this allows for the opportunity of rent increases to be implemented throughout the year, with minimal disruption to the current occupancy rates.

Looking ahead, management believes its portfolio is positioned to continue experiencing strong organic growth, by way of rental rate increases and occupancy rates, due to the strong population and job growth in the markets in which the properties are located. Pure Multi intends to continue to acquire additional properties located in the Dallas-Fort Worth area and build on its already solid presence in one of the strongest growing economies in the U.S. Concurrently, Pure Multi will look to diversify its portfolio, by increasing its presence in Houston and Phoenix sub-markets, areas in which management has prior experience and knowledge of the multi-family sector. Management believes these markets will continue to form some of the top economic growth markets in the U.S. and will allow Pure Multi to build on the strong organic growth it has already achieved over the past year.

With the acquisitions completed to date, Pure Multi's platform in the U.S. consists of 85 employees, undertaking marketing, due diligence and management, at its property level. Pure Multi is well positioned to grow its platform and portfolio with future acquisitions. There continues to be a large supply of acquisition opportunities that come to the market, permitting Pure Multi to execute its growth plans with discipline. Management is excited about the growth prospects of the Pure Multi investment platform over the coming months.

SECTION II

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS RECONCILIATION

“Pure Multi’s interest” is a non-IFRS measurement representing; (1) Pure Multi’s proportionate share of the financial position and results of operations of its entire portfolio, taking into account the difference in accounting for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation versus equity accounting, and (2) accrual of property tax liability and expense, on all portfolio investments, based on time period of ownership throughout the given reporting year. Pure Multi’s interest does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS.

The following tables provide reconciliations from Pure Multi’s IFRS financial statements to Pure Multi’s financial statements utilizing Pure Multi’s interest, as described above, for the comparative periods that have been effected by these reconciling items.

Reconciliation of Consolidated Statement of Financial Position to Statement of Financial Position at Pure Multi's Interest:

As at June 30, 2014 (\$000s)	Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Pure Multi's Share of Equity-Accounted Investment ⁽²⁾	Pure Multi's Interest ⁽³⁾
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Investment properties	\$ 384,171	\$ 5,626	\$ 389,797
Equity-accounted investment	2,919	(2,919)	-
	387,090	2,707	389,797
Current assets			
Prepaid expenses	972	6	978
Mortgage reserve fund	4,166	16	4,182
Amounts receivable	15	-	15
Cash and cash equivalents	8,889	106	8,995
	14,042	128	14,170
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 401,132	\$ 2,835	\$ 403,967
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Mortgages payable	\$ 219,999	\$ 2,729	\$ 222,728
Convertible debentures	19,734	-	19,734
Preferred units of subsidiary	125	-	125
	239,858	2,729	242,587
Current liabilities			
Mortgages payable – current portion	1,221	46	1,267
Credit facility	5,453	-	5,453
Rental deposits	691	9	700
Unearned revenue	498	11	509
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,770	40	6,810
	14,633	106	14,739
TOTAL LIABILITIES	254,491	2,835	257,326
PARTNERS' CAPITAL	146,641	-	146,641
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL	\$ 401,132	\$ 2,835	\$ 403,967

Notes:

- ⁽¹⁾ Represents Pure Multi's consolidated statement of financial position prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- ⁽²⁾ Represents Pure Multi's proportionate share of assets and liabilities of its joint venture that is accounted for on the equity basis of accounting.
- ⁽³⁾ Represents Pure Multi's interest, as previously described.

Reconciliation of Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income to Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income at Pure Multi's Interest:

Six months ended June 30, 2014 (\$000s)	Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Pure Multi's Share of Equity-Accounted Investment ⁽²⁾	IFRIC 21 Property Tax Adjustment ⁽³⁾	Pure Multi's Interest ⁽⁴⁾
REVENUES				
Rental	\$ 21,266	\$ 260	\$ -	\$ 21,526
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Insurance	554	3	-	557
Property management	637	8	-	645
Property taxes	6,792	20	(3,408)	3,404
Property operating expenses	5,363	68	-	5,431
	13,345	99	(3,408)	10,037
NET RENTAL INCOME	7,920	161	3,408	11,489
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1	-	-	1
Interest expense	(4,610)	(73)	-	(4,683)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(8)	-	-	(8)
	(4,616)	(73)	-	(4,689)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Other expense	-	-	-	-
General and administrative	(420)	-	-	(420)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	5,858	-	7	5,865
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	3,414	-	(3,414)	-
Franchise taxes	(147)	-	-	(147)
	8,705	-	(3,408)	5,297
SHARE OF PROFIT (LOSS) OF EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENT	88	(88)	-	-
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 12,097	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,097

Notes:

- (1) Represents Pure Multi's consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- (2) Represents Pure Multi's proportionate share of revenues and expenses of its joint venture that is accounted for on the equity basis of accounting.
- (3) Represents Pure Multi's annual pro-rated portion of property tax expense, on its entire portfolio, that is accounted for under IFRIC 21.
- (4) Represents Pure Multi's interest, as previously described.

Reconciliation of Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income to Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income at Pure Multi's Interest:

Three months ended June 30, 2014 (\$000s)	Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Pure Multi's Share of Equity-Accounted Investment ⁽²⁾	IFRIC 21 Property Tax Adjustment ⁽³⁾	Pure Multi's Interest ⁽⁴⁾
REVENUES				
Rental	\$ 10,770	\$ 130	\$ -	\$ 10,900
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Insurance	283	2	-	285
Property management	322	4	-	326
Property taxes	-	10	1,714	1,724
Property operating expenses	2,747	36	-	2,784
	3,353	52	1,714	5,118
NET RENTAL INCOME	7,417	78	(1,714)	5,782
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1	-	-	1
Interest expense	(2,320)	(36)	-	(2,356)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(4)	-	-	(4)
	(2,323)	(36)	-	(2,359)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Other expense	-	-	-	-
General and administrative	(226)	-	-	(226)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	5,858	-	7	5,865
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	(1,707)	-	1,707	-
Franchise taxes	(74)	-	-	(74)
	3,851	-	1,714	5,565
SHARE OF PROFIT (LOSS) OF EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENT	42	(42)	-	-
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 8,987	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,987

Notes:

- (1) Represents Pure Multi's consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- (2) Represents Pure Multi's proportionate share of revenues and expenses of its joint venture that is accounted for on the equity basis of accounting.
- (3) Represents Pure Multi's annual pro-rated portion of property tax expense, on its entire portfolio, that is accounted for under IFRIC 21.
- (4) Represents Pure Multi's interest, as previously described.

Reconciliation of Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income to Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income at Pure Multi's Interest:

Six months ended June 30, 2013 (\$000s)	Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Pure Multi's Share of Equity-Accounted Investment ⁽²⁾	IFRIC 21 Property Tax Adjustment ⁽³⁾	Pure Multi's Interest ⁽⁴⁾
REVENUES				
Rental	\$ 11,871	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,871
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Insurance	270	-	-	270
Property management	356	-	-	356
Property taxes	3,467	-	(1,507)	1,960
Property operating expenses	3,269	-	-	3,269
	7,363	-	(1,507)	5,855
NET RENTAL INCOME	4,508	-	1,507	6,016
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1	-	-	1
Interest expense	(2,240)	-	-	(2,240)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(7)	-	-	(7)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	(44)	-	-	(44)
	(2,290)	-	-	(2,290)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Other income	2	-	-	2
General and administrative	(274)	-	-	(274)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	(276)	-	165	(112)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	1,672	-	(1,672)	-
	1,124	-	(1,507)	(384)
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 3,342	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,342

Notes:

- (1) Represents Pure Multi's consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- (2) Represents Pure Multi's proportionate share of revenues and expenses of its joint venture that is accounted for on the equity basis of accounting.
- (3) Represents Pure Multi's annual pro-rated portion of property tax expense, on its entire portfolio, that is accounted for under IFRIC 21.
- (4) Represents Pure Multi's interest, as previously described.

Reconciliation of Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income to Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income at Pure Multi's Interest:

Three months ended June 30, 2013 (\$000s)	Consolidated ⁽¹⁾	Pure Multi's Share of Equity-Accounted Investment ⁽²⁾	IFRIC 21 Property Tax Adjustment ⁽³⁾	Pure Multi's Interest ⁽⁴⁾
REVENUES				
Rental	\$ 6,371	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,371
OPERATING EXPENSES (RECOVERIES)				
Insurance	150	-	-	150
Property management	191	-	-	191
Property taxes	(287)	-	1,337	1,050
Property operating expenses	1,904	-	-	1,094
	1,959	-	1,337	3,295
NET RENTAL INCOME	4,412	-	(1,337)	3,076
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1	-	-	1
Interest expense	(1,206)	-	-	(1,206)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(4)	-	-	(4)
	(1,209)	-	-	(1,209)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Other income	2	-	-	2
General and administrative	(153)	-	-	(153)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	(234)	-	165	(69)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	(1,172)	-	1,172	-
	(1,556)	-	1,337	(220)
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 1,647	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,647

Notes:

- (1) Represents Pure Multi's consolidated statement of income and comprehensive income prepared in accordance with IFRS.
- (2) Represents Pure Multi's proportionate share of revenues and expenses of its joint venture that is accounted for on the equity basis of accounting.
- (3) Represents Pure Multi's annual pro-rated portion of property tax expense, on its entire portfolio, that is accounted for under IFRIC 21.
- (4) Represents Pure Multi's interest, as previously described.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

All information presented below relates to Pure Multi's interest, as previously disclosed, unless noted otherwise.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s, except per unit basis)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Revenues				
Rental	\$ 21,526	\$ 11,871	\$ 10,900	\$ 6,371
Operating expenses				
Insurance	557	270	285	150
Property management	645	356	326	191
Property taxes	3,404	1,960	1,724	1,050
Property operating expenses	5,431	3,269	2,784	1,904
	10,037	5,855	5,118	3,295
Net Rental Income	11,489	6,016	5,782	3,076
Net Finance Income (Expenses)				
Interest income	1	1	1	1
Interest expense	(4,683)	(2,240)	(2,356)	(1,206)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(8)	(7)	(4)	(4)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	(44)	-	-
	(4,689)	(2,290)	(2,359)	(1,209)
Other Income (Expenses)				
Other income	-	2	-	2
General and administrative	(420)	(274)	(226)	(153)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	5,865	(112)	5,865	(69)
Franchise taxes	(147)	-	(74)	-
	5,297	(384)	5,565	(220)
Net Income and Comprehensive Income	\$ 12,097	\$ 3,342	\$ 8,987	\$ 1,647
Earnings per Class A unit – basic and diluted	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.07
Weighted average number of Class A units – basic and diluted	25,084,739	19,177,398	26,069,536	21,242,846
Earnings per Class B unit – basic and diluted	\$ 3.02	\$ 0.84	\$ 2.25	\$ 0.41
Weighted average number of Class B units – basic and diluted	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest, Pure Multi recorded rental revenue of \$21,525,928, net rental income of \$11,488,998 and net income of \$12,096,666 from its investment properties, compared to \$11,871,102, \$6,015,604 and \$3,341,511, respectively, during the six months ended June 30, 2013. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest, Pure Multi incurred \$420,312 of general and administrative expenses (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$274,213), a fair value adjustment to investment properties gain of \$5,864,763 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - loss of \$111,349) and franchise tax expense of \$147,124 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$nil). The increase in revenues, expenses and net income are mostly attributable to Pure Multi operating additional investment properties during the six months ended June 30, 2014, compared to the same period in 2013.

Pure Multi's loan to gross book value ratio decreased to 62.5% at June 30, 2014 from 64.0% at December 31, 2013 and its distribution payout ratio on Distributable Income was 82.8% for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013 – 114.9%). For further clarity, the Pure Multi's loan to gross book value ratio is defined as the ratio between Pure Multi's overall borrowed money, including the face amount outstanding of any convertible debentures, and the total book value of the assets plus accumulated depreciation and amortization in respect of such assets. Pure Multi defines distribution payout ratio as the percentage of Distributable Income that is paid out to unitholders. For additional information, see "Liquidity and Capital Resources – Distributed Cash".

Rental Revenue

Rental revenue from investment properties includes recoveries of specified operating expenses, in accordance with the terms of the lease agreements.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses include costs relating to such items as cleaning, building repairs and maintenance, property repairs and maintenance, HVAC, property payroll, insurance, property taxes, utilities and property management fees among other items. The following table illustrates operating expenses as a percentage of total operating expenses:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Insurance	5.6%	4.6%	5.6%	4.6%
Property management	6.4%	6.1%	6.4%	5.8%
Property taxes	33.9%	33.5%	33.7%	31.9%
Property operating expenses	54.1%	55.8%	54.3%	57.7%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Finance Income

Finance income consists of interest income which was earned from bank deposits at Pure Multi and the property level.

Finance Expenses

Finance expenses consist of interest expense, distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders and preferred units of subsidiary offering costs (see "Financial Condition – Preferred Units"). Pure Multi declared distributions in the amount of \$7,813 to the subsidiary's preferred unitholders during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013- \$7,075). Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs are the costs incurred by Pure Multi that relate to the issuance of subsidiary preferred units. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi did not incur any costs relating to the preferred units of subsidiary offering costs (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$43,835).

Interest Expense

Interest expense consists of mortgage interest, convertible debenture interest, credit facility interest, amortization of transaction costs and amortization of mark to market mortgage adjustment.

The weighted average interest rate on the mortgages, based on Pure Multi's interest, is 3.99% per annum as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - 4.12%) and the mortgages mature between 2017 and 2028 with a weighted average mortgage term of 7.2 years remaining (December 31, 2013 - 8.0 years remaining). Pure Multi intends to refinance any mortgages which mature within six months of the maturity date.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses are primarily comprised of directors' fees, directors' and officers' liability insurance, professional fees, legal fees, filing fees, and administrative expenses. Professional fees include auditing and tax fees. Administrative expenses include US REIT compliance expenditures, investor relations expenses and bank charges. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, total general and administrative expenses amounted to 2.0% of rental revenue (six months ended June 30, 2013 - 2.3%). Pursuant to the Asset Management Agreement with the Managing GP, as described under "Related Party Transactions", Pure Multi will not compensate the Managing GP for any remuneration or compensation for its services, which includes providing asset management, administrative and reporting services. The Asset Management Agreement also requires the Managing GP to provide Pure Multi with support services consisting of office space and equipment and the necessary clerical and secretarial personnel for the administration of its day-to-day activities, at no cost.

The following table illustrates corporate expenses as a percentage of overall general and administrative expenses:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Insurance	3.4%	5.2%	3.2%	4.7%
Professional fees	38.1%	51.2%	41.3%	52.7%
Legal and filing fees	20.2%	8.4%	8.3%	4.6%
Director's fees	11.9%	9.9%	11.7%	8.8%
Administrative expenses	26.4%	25.3%	35.5%	29.2%
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
As a percentage of rental revenue	2.0%	2.3%	2.1%	2.4%

Other Income (Expense)

Other income (expenses), is income (expenses) incurred on foreign exchange gains (losses) incurred by Pure Multi as a minor amount of transactions occur in Canadian dollars while cash and cash equivalents are held in United States dollars.

Fair Value Adjustment to Investment Properties

As Pure Multi revalues its investment properties at fair value each reporting date, it records the fair value adjustments as an income or expense item. For the six months ended June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest, Pure Multi recorded a gain of \$5,864,763 in fair value adjustments to its investment properties (six months ended June 30, 2013 - loss of \$111,349). The weighted average capitalization rate of the investment properties at June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest, was 6.12% (December 31, 2013 - 6.16%).

Income Taxes

Pure Multi is not subject to tax under Part I of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the “Tax Act”). Each partner (or “unitholder”) of Pure Multi is required to include in computing the partner’s income for a particular taxation year the partner’s share of the income or loss of Pure Multi for its fiscal year ending in or on the partner’s taxation year-end, whether or not any of that income or loss is distributed to the partner in the taxation year. Accordingly, no provision has been made for Canadian income taxes under Part I of the Tax Act.

Franchise Taxes

Texas Franchise Tax applicable to Pure Multi, for its investment properties operated in Texas, is equal to 1% of the lesser of: (i) 70% of total revenue; (ii) 100% of total revenue less cost of goods sold; or (iii) 100% of total revenue less compensation expense. Pure Multi recorded a provision for Texas Franchise Tax of \$147,124 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$nil).

Offering Costs

Offering costs are the costs incurred by Pure Multi that relate to the issuance of equity instruments, which are included in the statement of partners’ capital. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi incurred \$205,877 of offering costs (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$2,125,594).

Distributions to Limited Partners

Pure Multi declared distributions in the amount of \$4,791,427 to Class A unitholders and \$252,180 to Class B unitholders during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$3,496,020 and \$184,001, respectively).

DISTRIBUTABLE INCOME

Pure Multi uses Distributable Income (“DI”) to measure its ability to earn and distribute cash to unitholders. DI is a non-IFRS measurement, using Pure Multi’s interest as previously disclosed, and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS as an indicator of Pure Multi’s performance. DI as computed by Pure Multi may differ from similar computations as reported by other similar business entities and, accordingly, may not be comparable to DI as reported by such business entities. DI does not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. Management calculates DI by adding to or deducting the following items from net cash from operating activities: non-cash working capital items, interest income, interest expense, distributions to preferred unitholders and preferred unit offering costs.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s, except per unit basis)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$ 9,346	\$ 6,523	\$ 7,371	\$ 4,608
Adjustment:				
Changes in non-cash operating working capital	(1,839)	(2,452)	(182)	(511)
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment, net	3,414	1,672	(1,707)	(1,172)
Interest income	1	1	1	1
Interest expense	(4,822)	(2,491)	(2,426)	(1,332)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(8)	(7)	(4)	(4)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	(44)	-	-
Distributable Income	\$ 6,093	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,052	\$ 1,590
Class A units	5,788	3,042	2,900	1,511
Class B units	305	160	153	79
Distributions to Unitholders				
Class A units	\$ 4,791	\$ 3,496	\$ 2,533	\$ 1,958
Class B units	252	184	133	103
Total distributions paid	\$ 5,044	\$ 3,680	\$ 2,666	\$ 2,061
Total distributions paid as a % of Distributable Income	82.8%	114.9%	87.4%	129.6%
Weighted average number of units (000s)				
Class A units	25,085	19,177	26,070	21,243
Class B units	200	200	200	200
Diluted weighted average number of units (000s)				
Class A units	25,085	19,177	26,070	21,243
Class B units	200	200	200	200
Basic DI per unit				
Class A units	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07
Class B units	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
Diluted DI per unit				
Class A units	0.23	0.16	0.11	0.07
Class B units	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
Distributions paid per unit				
Class A units	0.19	0.18	0.10	0.09
Class B units	1.26	0.92	0.67	0.52

Pure Multi may distribute to unitholders on each distribution date such percentage of the DI of Pure Multi for the month immediately preceding the month in which the distribution date falls, as the board of directors of the Governing GP may determine at their discretion. Currently, the board of directors of the Governing GP intends to make an annual cash distribution to unitholders of \$0.375 per Class A Unit. Monthly distributions will be paid on the distribution date to unitholders of record on the last business day of such month. See "Financial Condition – Partners' Capital".

The board of directors of the Governing GP looks beyond quarter-to-quarter fluctuations in working capital when making decisions regarding monthly distributions. As a result, management believes that the measure of DI, which excludes the impact of changes in non-cash working capital, is a better measure for determining operating performance. Management believes that the calculation of Standardized Distributable Cash, defined as cash flow from operations, distorts Pure Multi's quarter-to-quarter distributable cash and payout ratios, as non-cash operating working capital fluctuates.

For the purpose of this MD&A, management defines "Diluted DI per unit" as Distributable Income divided by the diluted weighted average number of units outstanding.

STANDARDIZED DISTRIBUTABLE CASH

The following is a reconciliation of Pure Multi's DI to standardized distributable cash.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Distributable income	\$ 6,093	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,052	\$ 1,590
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment, net	(3,414)	(1,672)	1,707	1,172
Interest income	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Interest expense	4,822	2,491	2,426	1,332
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	8	7	4	4
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	44	-	-
(Increase) decrease in amounts receivable	18	13	171	(5)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(19)	(197)	(26)	(91)
Increase (decrease) in rental deposits	132	152	96	115
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(155)	137	(101)	38
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,862	2,347	43	454
Standardized Distributable Cash (net cash from operating activities)	\$ 9,346	\$ 6,523	\$ 7,371	\$ 4,608

SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Pure Multi currently operates in one business segment, the owning and operating of multifamily apartment properties in the Sunbelt region in the United States. The primary format for segment reporting is based on geographical region and is consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker, determined to be the general partners.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Assets

Investment Properties

Investment properties are stated at fair value. Fair value adjustments to investment properties arising from changes in fair values are included in the statement of income and comprehensive income in the period which they arise.

The investment properties are pledged as security against the mortgages payable.

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses primarily consist of insurance, utility deposits and property taxes.

Mortgage Reserve Fund

The mortgage reserve fund consists of cash on deposit requested by the lenders to be retained in escrow to pay for any repairs to the properties and certain costs. These funds will be released to pay the respective obligations or once certain conditions are met, such as completion of repairs. As at June 30, 2014, the term for the current mortgage reserve fund is less than 12 months. The amortized cost of the mortgage reserve fund is \$4,182,049, based on Pure Multi's interest, as at June 30, 2014, (December 31, 2013 - \$5,672,435).

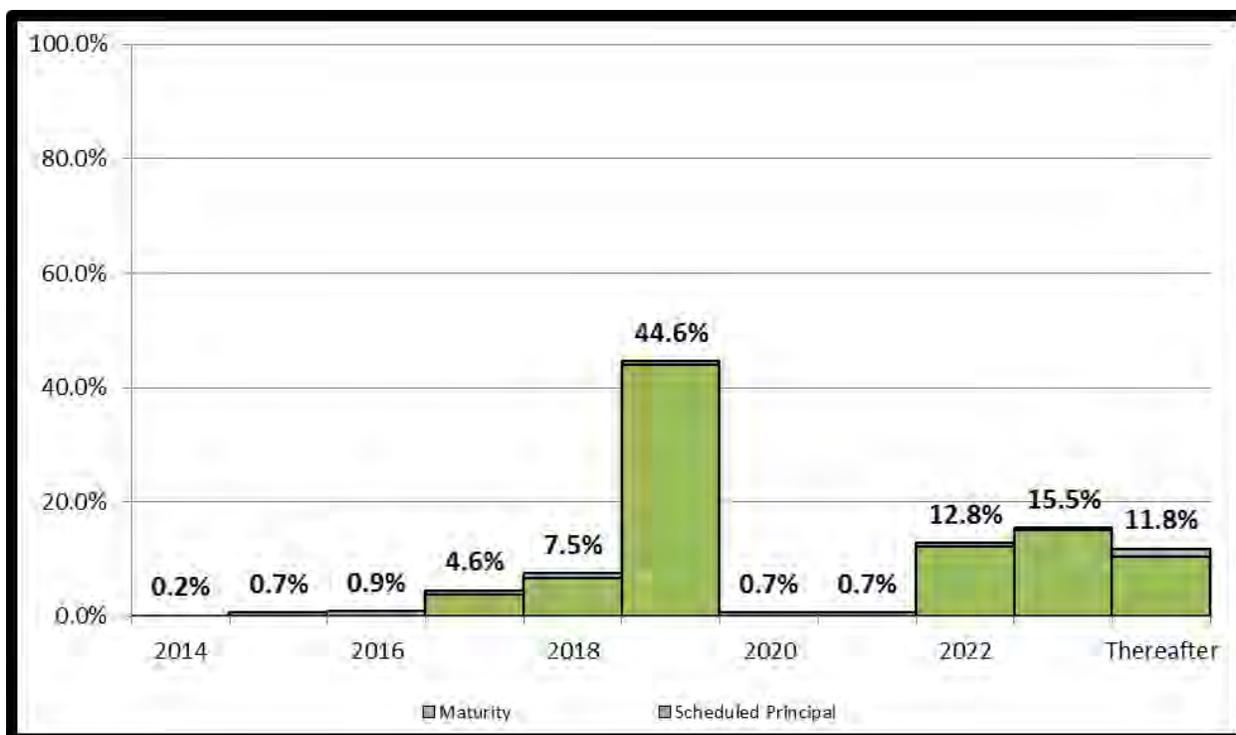
Liabilities

The LP Agreement limits the indebtedness of Pure Multi to a maximum of 70% of the gross book value. The gross book value is defined as the total book value of the assets plus accumulated depreciation and amortization in respect of such assets. The indebtedness is 62.5% of the gross book value as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - 64.0%).

Mortgages Payable

The mortgages bear interest at a weighted average effective rate of 3.99%, based on Pure Multi's interest, as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - 4.12%) and mature between 2017 and 2028. The scheduled mortgage payments, principal maturities and weighted average effective rate are as follows:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> June 30, 2014 <i>(\$000s)</i>	<i>Weighted Average</i> <i>Effective Rate</i> <i>(on expiry)</i>	Scheduled Principal Repayments	Principal Maturities	Total Repayments
Remainder of 2014	-	\$ 510	\$ -	\$ 510
2015	-	1,656	-	1,656
2016	-	1,859	-	1,859
2017	3.28%	1,889	8,209	10,098
2018	3.51%	2,019	14,615	16,634
2019	4.23%	1,665	97,557	99,222
2020	-	1,508	-	1,508
2021	-	1,572	-	1,572
2022	3.53%	1,572	26,955	28,527
2023	4.13%	1,074	33,317	34,391
Thereafter	3.90%	3,222	23,099	26,321
	3.99%	\$ 18,546	\$ 203,752	222,298
Unamortized mortgage transaction costs				(2,046)
Unamortized mark to market mortgage adjustment				3,743
				\$ 223,995



Preferred Units of Subsidiary

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the US REIT issued 125 preferred units at \$1,000 per unit for gross proceeds of \$125,000. On consolidation, the preferred units of the US REIT are reflected as a liability of Pure Multi.

The preferred units are non-voting preferred units. Unitholders holding preferred units are entitled to receive dividends from the US REIT at a per annum rate equal to 12.5%, payable on June 30 and December 31 of each year. Unitholders holding preferred units will be allocated such return in priority to any allocations or distributions to all other classes and series of units of the US REIT. However, after payment of such return to unitholders holding preferred units, preferred unitholders are not otherwise entitled to share in the income of the US REIT.

The US REIT may redeem the preferred units at any time, for a price equal to \$1,000 per preferred unit, plus accumulated and unpaid distributions and a redemption premium if the preferred units are redeemed before January 1, 2015. The redemption premium is equal to \$100 per preferred unit if redemption occurs on or before December 31, 2014. There is no redemption premium for redemptions after December 31, 2014.

Due to the fixed distributions and preferred treatment for preferred units, they meet the definition of a liability. In addition, the Board does not expect to redeem any preferred units within the next year. Thus, the preferred units are classified as non-current liabilities.

Convertible Debentures

On August 7, 2013, Pure Multi issued \$23,000,000 of 6.5% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (“6.5% convertible debentures”) due on September 30, 2020. Each of the 6.5% convertible debentures is denominated with a face value of \$1,000 and is convertible at the holder’s option at any time into Class A Units at conversion price of \$5.65 per Class A Unit, in accordance with the terms of the trust indenture dated August 7, 2013. On or after September 30, 2016, but prior to September 30, 2018, the 6.5% convertible debentures may be redeemed by Pure Multi, in whole or in part, at a price equal to their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, provided the weighted average trading price of the Class A Units for the 20 consecutive trading days, ending on the fifth trading day immediately preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given, is at least 125% of the conversion price. After September 30, 2018, the 6.5% convertible debentures may be redeemed by Pure Multi at any time. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, none of the 6.5% convertible debentures have been converted into Class A Units. At June 30, 2014, \$23,000,000 of the face value of the 6.5% convertible debentures was outstanding.

The following summarizes the face and carrying values of the 6.5% convertible debentures at June 30, 2014:

	Liability Component		Equity Component
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 20,886,300	\$ 19,663,721	\$ 1,985,429
Amortization of transaction costs	-	70,635	-
Balance as at June 30, 2014	\$ 20,886,300	\$ 19,734,356	\$ 1,985,429

Credit Facility

On July 19, 2013, Pure Multi established a revolving credit facility with a lender in the amount of \$9,900,000, bearing interest at a variable interest rate based at 2.00% plus the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”). At June 30, 2014, Pure Multi had drawn down \$5,546,485 (December 31, 2013 - \$5,396,485) of the revolving credit facility bearing an interest rate at 2.1509% (December 31, 2013 – 2.1675%). The revolving credit facility is secured by a charge in respect of Windsong and matures on July 19, 2016.

Partners’ Capital

The capital of Pure Multi consists of an unlimited number of Class A Units and Class B Units of Pure Multi and the interest held by the Governing GP. The Governing GP has made a capital contribution of \$20 to Pure Multi and has no further obligation to contribute capital.

From the date of formation on May 8, 2012 to December 31, 2012 (“period ended December 31, 2012”), the Managing GP subscribed for 200,000 Class B Units of Pure Multi, at a price of \$5.00 per Class B Unit, for gross proceeds to Pure Multi of \$1,000,000, which entitles the Class B Unitholders, initially, a 5% interest in Pure Multi. Pure Multi did not issue any additional Class B Units subsequent to this.

From the date of formation, May 8, 2012, to December 31, 2013, Pure Multi issued 24,089,000 Class A Units for gross proceeds of \$121,283,350, less offering costs.

On May 21, 2014, Pure Multi issued, through a private placement, a total of 4,395,824 units (the “Units”), at a price of \$4.55 per Unit, for gross proceeds of \$20,000,999, less offering costs. Each Unit consists of one Class A Unit and one-half Class A Unit purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a “Warrant”). Each Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional Class A Unit from Pure Multi at a price of \$5.15 per Class A Unit until November 20, 2016.

As at June 30, 2014, Pure Multi has 28,484,824 Class A Units, 200,000 Class B Units and 2,197,912 Warrants outstanding.

The capital of Pure Multi is divided into Class A Units and Class B Units. The Class A Units are the subject of the public offerings described in the Prospectus' dated July 3, 2012, October 12, 2012 and May 1, 2013. The Class B Units were subscribed for by the Managing GP on May 30, 2012. Except as set out in the LP Agreement, no Class A Unit or Class B Unit has any preference or priority over another.

The Class A Units will share in a 95% equity interest in all distributions and all net assets of Pure Multi and the Managing GP, as the holder of the Class B Units, will share in a 5% equity interest in all distributions and all net assets of Pure Multi. These respective interests, which are called the "Class A Unit Percentage Interest" and "Class B Unit Percentage Interest", will remain fixed, notwithstanding the issue of further Class A Units, until the occurrence of a Determination Event, as described below. Following the occurrence of a Determination Event, the number of Class A Units to which the Class B Unitholder is entitled upon exercising the Conversion Rights attached thereto becomes fixed, and future issuances of Class A Units will result in a decline in the Class B Unit Percentage Interest.

All distributions will be made to the holders of the Class A Units and the Class B Units in accordance with the Class A Unit Percentage Interest and Class B Unit Percentage Interest, respectively. As described in the LP Agreement, until a Determination Event occurs, distributions from Pure Multi will generally be made 95% to the Class A Units and 5% to the Class B Units.

Pursuant to the LP Agreement, the Class B Unitholders as a class are entitled to convert some or all of their Class B Units into Class A Units based on the Specified Ratio (as defined in the LP Agreement). Upon the Class B Unitholders exercising their Conversion Rights, they will own that number of Class A Units which is equal to the Class B Unit Percentage Interest (initially 5%) of all Class A Units outstanding after such conversion. The Class B Unit Percentage Interest will remain fixed at 5% notwithstanding the issue of further Class A Units, until the occurrence of a Determination Event. Following the occurrence of a Determination Event, the number of Class A Units to which the Class B Unitholder is entitled upon exercising Conversion Rights becomes fixed, and future issuances of Class A Units will result in a decline in the Class B Unit Percentage Interest. A Determination Event is the earliest to occur of the following: (a) Pure Multi's market capitalization exceeding \$300,000,000 for a period of 10 consecutive trading days; (b) an arm's length take-over bid being made for the Units, provided that not less than 51% of the Class A Units not held by the offer or are taken-up in such bid; and (c) substantially all of the assets of Pure Multi being sold or Pure Multi being liquidated.

The Conversion Rights may be exercised by the Managing GP at any time provided that:

- (a) Pure Multi is legally entitled to comply with its obligations in connection with the exercise of the Conversion Rights; and
- (b) the Class B Unitholder who exercises the Conversion Rights complies with all applicable securities laws.

Upon the exercise of the Conversion Rights, the Class B Unitholders will receive that number of Class A Units which is equal to the Specified Ratio multiplied by the number of outstanding Class B Units. As such, pursuant to the terms of the LP Agreement, the Class B Unitholders will receive such number of Class A Units representing the same Class B Unit Percentage Interest in the net assets of Pure Multi as was previously designated in the form of Class B Units. Subject to applicable laws, Pure Multi will redesignate all the interests of Class B Unitholders into Class A Units at the Specified Ratio, as defined in LP Agreement, effective as of the date that Pure Multi receives a notice of exercise of the Conversion Rights. Upon such occurrence, the interests of Class B Unitholders will be redesignated as Class A Units. The Class B Units will not be required to be redeemed or cancelled.

Pursuant to the LP Agreement, the Managing GP or any affiliate or associate of the Managing GP which is then the Class B Unitholder, has agreed that it will not dispose of more than one-third of the Class A Units received by it upon the conversion of the Class B Units in each consecutive twelve month period ending after the first anniversary of the earlier of: (i) the date a Determination Event occurs; and (ii) the date upon which the conversion is completed. This limitation will not apply where the Conversion Rights have been exercised in connection with a takeover bid or a sale of substantially all of Pure Multi's assets.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Funds from Operations and Adjusted Funds from Operations

Funds from operations ("FFO") is a non-IFRS measure, using Pure Multi's interest as previously disclosed, and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS. However, FFO is an operating performance measure which is widely used by the real estate industry and Pure Multi has calculated FFO in accordance with the recommendations of the Real Property Association of Canada ("REALpac"). Pure Multi's method of calculating FFO may differ from other companies and accordingly may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The use of FFO, combined with the required IFRS presentations, has been presented for the purpose of improving the understanding of operating results in the real estate industry by the investing public and in making comparisons of the companies operating results more meaningful.

As FFO excludes fair value adjustments, amortization, and gains and losses from property dispositions, it provides a performance measure that, when compared period over period, reflects the impact on operations of trends in occupancy levels, rental rates, operating costs and realty taxes; acquisition activities; and interest costs, and provides a perspective of financial performance that is not immediately apparent from net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS.

FFO is a widely accepted supplemental measure of financial performance for real estate entities; however, it does not represent amounts available for capital programs, debt service obligations, commitments or uncertainties. FFO should not be interpreted as an indicator of cash generated from operating activities and is not indicative of cash available to fund operating expenditures, or for the payment of cash distributions. FFO is simply one measure of operating performance.

Adjusted funds from operations ("AFFO") is also a non-IFRS measure, using Pure Multi's interest as previously disclosed, and should not be construed as an alternative to net earnings determined in accordance with IFRS. However, AFFO is widely accepted as a performance measurement tool in the real estate industry. AFFO is calculated by adjusting the FFO for non-cash compensation items, and maintenance capital expenditures. Pure Multi's method of calculating AFFO may differ from other companies and accordingly may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies.

The following table provides the analysis of Pure Multi's FFO and AFFO performance:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s, except per unit basis)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Net income and comprehensive income	\$ 12,097	\$ 3,342	\$ 8,987	\$ 1,647
Adjustment:				
Amortization of transaction costs	216	78	109	40
Amortization of mark to market mortgage adjustments	(356)	(329)	(179)	(166)
Valuation (gain) loss from investment properties	(5,858)	276	(5,858)	234
Property tax adjustments on acquisition	(7)	(165)	(7)	(165)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	(3,414)	(1,672)	1,707	1,172
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment, net	3,414	1,672	(1,707)	(1,172)
Funds from operations	\$ 6,093	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,052	\$ 1,590
Maintenance capital provision ⁽¹⁾	(543)	(314)	(272)	(168)
Capital expenditures (recoveries) related to acquisition of investment properties ⁽¹⁾	-	83	-	30
Adjusted funds from operations	\$ 5,549	\$ 2,971	\$ 2,780	\$ 1,452
Weighted average number of units (000s)				
Class A units	25,085	19,177	26,070	21,243
Class B units	200	200	200	200
Diluted weighted average number of units (000s)				
Class A units	25,085	19,177	26,070	21,243
Class B units	200	200	200	200
FFO per unit - Basic				
Class A units	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07
Class B units	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
FFO per unit - Diluted				
Class A units	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.16	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.07
Class B units	1.52	0.80	0.76	0.40
Payout Ratio on FFO	82.8%	114.9%	87.4%	129.6%
AFFO per unit - Basic				
Class A units	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.07
Class B units	1.39	0.74	0.70	0.36
AFFO per unit – Diluted				
Class A units	\$ 0.21	\$ 0.15	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.07
Class B units	1.39	0.74	0.70	0.36
Payout Ratio on AFFO	90.9%	123.9%	95.9%	141.9%

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Based on an industry estimate of \$300 per residential unit per year. This maintenance capital provision is estimated to be incurred on the property portfolio as to sustain its current revenue rental income-generating potential into future periods. Pure Multi does not include capital expenditures that increase the value of the current rental revenue, or initial capital expenditures that are required to be performed upon acquisition of an investment property.

The following is a reconciliation of the Pure Multi's FFO to cash provided by operations:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Funds from operations	\$ 6,093	\$ 3,202	\$ 3,052	\$ 1,590
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	18	13	171	(5)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(19)	(197)	(26)	(91)
Increase (decrease) in rental deposits	132	152	96	115
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,862	2,347	43	454
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	(155)	137	(101)	38
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment, net	(3,414)	(1,672)	1,707	1,172
Interest income	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Interest expense	4,822	2,491	2,426	1,332
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	8	7	4	4
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	44	-	-
Net cash provided from operating activities	\$ 9,346	\$ 6,523	\$ 7,371	\$ 4,608

Capital Resources

Cash generated by investment properties represents the primary source of funds to fund total distributions to limited partners of \$5,043,607 for the six months ended June 30, 2014 (six months ended June 30, 2013 - \$3,680,021).

There are no significant working capital requirements that currently exist and there are no pending items that may affect liquidity. There are no legal or practical restrictions on the ability of Pure Multi's properties to transfer funds to Pure Multi.

Proceeds from the issuance of Class A Units, Warrants, Convertible Debentures, a revolving credit facility and conventional mortgage financing have been used mainly to fund property acquisitions. Pure Multi intends to refinance any mortgages which mature within six months.

Management expects to be able to meet all of Pure Multi's ongoing obligations and to finance future growth through cash generated by operations, the issuance of securities and by using conventional mortgages. Pure Multi is not in default or arrears on any of its obligations including distribution payments, interest or principal payments on debt.

Distributed Cash

In accordance with National Instrument 41-201, Pure Multi is required to provide additional disclosure relating to cash distributions.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, cash provided from operating activities was more than cash distributions declared. Management expects that cash provided from operating activities will continue to exceed cash distributions declared.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Cash provided from operating activities	\$ 9,346	\$ 6,523	\$ 7,371	\$ 4,608
Actual cash distributions paid or payable	5,044	3,680	2,666	2,061
Excess (shortfall) of cash provided from operating activities over cash distributions paid	\$ 4,302	\$ 2,843	\$ 4,705	\$ 2,547

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014, net income was more than cash distributions declared. Management expects net income to continue to exceed cash distributions declared.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	For the six months ended June 30, 2014	For the six months ended June 30, 2013	For the three months ended June 30, 2014	For the three months ended June 30, 2013
Net income	\$ 12,097	\$ 3,342	\$ 8,987	\$ 1,647
Actual cash distributions paid or payable	5,044	3,680	2,666	2,061
Surplus (shortfall) of net income over cash distributions paid	\$ 7,053	\$ (338)	\$ 6,321	\$ (414)

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

Pure Multi defines capital as the aggregate of partners' capital, preferred units of subsidiary and long term debt. Pure Multi's objectives in managing capital are to maintain a level of capital that complies with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the initial offering prospectus; complies with existing debt covenants, if any; funds its business strategies; and builds long-term partners' value. Pure Multi's capital structure is approved by the board of directors of the Governing GP through its periodic reviews.

The LP Agreement provides for a maximum indebtedness (or "loan") level of up to 70% of the gross book value. The term "indebtedness" means any obligation of Pure Multi for borrowed money (including the face amount outstanding under any convertible debentures and any outstanding liabilities of Pure Multi arising from the issuance of subordinated notes but excluding any premium in respect of indebtedness assumed by Pure Multi for which Pure Multi has the benefit of an interest rate subsidy), but excludes trade accounts payable, distributions payable to unitholders, preferred units of subsidiary, accrued liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business and short-term acquisition credit facilities. The LP Agreement defines "gross book value" as the book value of the assets of Pure Multi plus the amount of accumulated depreciation and amortization in respect of such assets (and related intangible assets), the amount of future income tax liability arising out of indirect acquisitions and excluding the amount of any receivable reflecting interest rate subsidies on any debt assumed by Pure Multi. Pure Multi's indebtedness is 62.5% as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 64.0%).

Maintaining a relatively low indebtedness ratio is important in current economic conditions because it allows Pure Multi to access additional financing, if necessary.

The LP Agreement allows the board of directors of the Governing GP, at their discretion, to allocate to the unitholders in each year all or a portion of Pure Multi's income for the year, as calculated in accordance with the Tax Act, after all permitted deductions under the Tax Act have been taken. The board of directors of the Governing GP also reviews the cash distribution paid to the unitholders on a regular basis. The total distributions declared to Class A unitholders during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$4,791,427 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$7,952,485). The total distributions declared to Class B unitholders during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$252,180 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$418,552).

Pure Multi is in compliance with all restrictions during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013.

The capital structure consisted of the following components at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	Change
Capital			
Mortgages payable	\$ 223,995	\$ 196,333	\$ 27,662
Convertible debentures	19,734	19,664	70
Preferred units of subsidiary	125	125	-
Partners' capital	146,641	119,793	26,848
Total Capital	\$ 390,495	\$ 335,915	\$ 54,580

The total capital of Pure Multi increased during the six months ended June 30, 2014 primarily due to the issuance of new Class A Units, proceeds of mortgages related to an acquisition and net income earned from operations. These increases were partially offset by the repayment of mortgages payable and distributions to the limited partners.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

For certain of Pure Multi's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, mortgage reserve fund, credit facility, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate the fair values due to the short-term nature of the instruments.

The fair values of the mortgages payable and preferred units have been calculated based on discounted future cash flows using discount rates that reflect current market conditions for instruments having similar terms and conditions. Discount rates are either provided by lenders or are observable in the open market. The fair value of the convertible debentures has been calculated using quoted prices in active markets.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> <i>(\$000s)</i>	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Mortgages payable	\$ 223,995	\$ 228,627	\$ 196,333	\$ 201,598
Preferred units of subsidiary	125	125	125	125
Convertible debentures	19,734	22,485	19,664	21,390

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

Pure Multi does not have any off-balance sheet items.

SECTION III

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest:

- Assets increased to \$403,966,997 from \$347,488,524 as at March 31, 2014. This increase was primarily due to the acquisition of an investment property during the period combined with a fair value increase adjustment on current investment properties. As at June 30, 2014, Pure Multi had cash and cash equivalents of \$8,995,147 and amounts receivable of \$14,813, compared to \$6,640,407 and \$185,298, respectively, as at March 31, 2014. The increase in cash and cash equivalents is primarily due to the issuance of Class A Units in May 2014, which was partially offset by the acquisition of the investment property. The decrease in amounts receivable is primarily due to the investment properties receiving their respective 2013 property tax refunds during the period.
- Liabilities increased to \$257,325,963 from \$226,963,202 as at March 31, 2014. This increase was primarily due to the mortgage acquired relating to the investment acquired during the same period and an increase in property taxes payable.
- Partners' capital increased to \$146,641,034 from \$120,525,322 as at March 31, 2014. This increase was primarily due to the issuance of Class A Units during May 2014 and net income earned by Pure Multi during the period, and was partially offset by the distributions declared to unitholders.
- Pure Multi earned rental revenue of \$10,899,967 from investment properties held during the quarter (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$6,371,334). These properties incurred operating expenses of \$5,118,174, resulting in net rental income of \$5,781,793 during the same period (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$3,295,586 and \$3,075,748, respectively). The significant increase in rental revenue, operating expenses and net rental income was as a result of Pure Multi operating additional investment properties in the current period compared to the comparative period.
- Pure Multi incurred interest expense of \$2,356,446 and distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders of \$3,907 (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$1,206,149 and \$3,907, respectively). This resulted in net finance expenses of \$2,359,350 during the same period (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$1,209,401). The significant increases in net finance expenses was a direct result the additional number of mortgages and investment properties operated by Pure Multi in the current period compared to the comparative period.
- Pure Multi incurred general and administrative expenses of \$226,112, fair value gain on investment properties of \$5,864,763 and incurred franchise tax expense of \$73,653 (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$152,388, fair value loss of \$152,388, and \$nil, respectively). The increase in general and administrative expenses is primarily due to additional fees incurred as a result of operating additional investment properties.

During the three months ended June 30, 2014, based on Pure Multi's interest, Pure Multi had net income of \$8,986,993 (three months ended June 30, 2013 - \$1,646,649), as a result of the above transactions.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> Quarter ended (\$000s, except per unit amounts)	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
Rental revenue	\$ 10,900	\$ 10,626	\$ 10,443	\$ 9,269
Operating expenses	5,118	4,919	4,910	4,461
Net rental income	5,782	5,707	5,533	4,808
Interest expense	(2,356)	(2,326)	(2,369)	(1,954)
General and administrative expenses	(226)	(194)	(186)	(156)
Net income and comprehensive income	5,565	3,110	8,252	2,609
Basic net income per unit				
Class A units	0.33	0.12	0.33	0.10
Class B units	2.25	0.78	2.06	0.65

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> Quarter ended (\$000s, except per unit amounts)	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
Rental revenue	\$ 6,371	\$ 5,500	\$ 4,746	\$ 1,325
Operating expenses	3,296	2,560	(2,251)	(723)
Net rental income	3,075	2,940	2,495	602
Interest expense	(1,206)	(1,034)	(944)	(219)
General and administrative expenses	(152)	(122)	(67)	(80)
Net income and comprehensive income	1,647	1,695	1,438	262
Basic net income per unit				
Class A units	0.07	0.09	0.09	0.02
Class B units	0.41	0.42	0.36	0.07

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> As at (\$000s)	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	September 30, 2013
Total assets	\$ 403,967	\$ 347,489	\$ 351,007	\$ 341,174
Total liabilities	257,326	226,963	231,214	227,254
Partners' capital	146,641	120,525	119,793	113,920
Investment properties	389,797	337,945	337,603	325,725
Mortgages payable	223,995	196,046	196,333	193,795

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i> As at (\$000s)	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	September 30, 2012
Total assets	\$ 282,265	\$ 202,321	\$ 194,636	\$ 97,709
Total liabilities	170,402	122,919	115,309	45,014
Partners' capital	111,863	79,403	79,327	52,695
Investment properties	262,943	193,469	175,916	69,183
Mortgages payable	165,380	119,997	111,665	43,061

SECTION IV

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Pure Multi's significant accounting policies are described in note 2 to the June 30, 2014 unaudited consolidated financial statements and in note 3 to the December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements.

The policies that are most subject to estimation and judgment are outlined below.

Valuation of Investment Properties

The fair value of the investment properties is determined by management, using recognized valuation techniques supported, in certain instances, by independent real estate valuation experts.

The determination of the fair value of investment properties requires the use of estimates such as future cash flows from assets (based on factors such as tenant profiles, future revenue streams and overall repair and condition of the property), capitalization rates and discount rates applicable to those assets. These estimates are based on market conditions existing at the reporting date.

The following approaches, either individually or in combination, are used by management, together with the appraisals, in their determination of the fair value of the investment properties:

The Income Approach derives market value by estimating the future cash flows that will be generated by the property and then applying an appropriate capitalization rate or discount rate to those cash flows. This approach can utilize the direct capitalization method and/or the discounted cash flow analysis.

The Direct Comparison Approach involves comparing or contrasting the recent sale, listing or optioned prices of properties comparable to the subject and adjusting for any significant differences between them.

Management reviews each appraisal obtained and ensures the assumptions used by the appraisers are reasonable and the final fair value amount reflects those assumptions used in the various approaches above. Where an appraisal is not obtained at the reporting date, management uses the approaches described above, for each investment property, and estimates the fair value.

FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Pure Multi's significant accounting policies are described in note 2 to the June 30, 2014 unaudited consolidated financial statements and in note 3 to the December 31, 2013 audited consolidated financial statements, available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on Pure Multi's website at www.puremultifamily.com.

Adoption of new accounting policies

(a) IAS 32 – Financial instruments: presentation

In December 2011, the IASB made amendments to IAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation. The amendments to IAS 32 clarify the requirements for offsetting financial instruments. The amended version of IAS 32 is effective for Pure Multi's year-end beginning January 1, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of amendments to IAS 32 did not have an impact on Pure Multi's consolidated financial statements.

(b) IFRIC 21 – Levies

January 1, 2014, Pure Multi has retrospectively adopted IFRIC interpretation 21, *Levies* (“IFRIC 21”) for the period beginning January 1, 2013. IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment occurs, as identified by the relevant legislation. IFRIC 21 is applicable to all levies imposed by governments under legislation, including property taxes, but does not apply to accounting for income taxes, fines and penalties or for the acquisition of assets from governments. The adoption of IFRIC 21 requires Pure Multi to recognize the full amount of annual property tax liabilities at the point in time when the property tax obligation is imposed. Pure Multi previously recognized property tax liabilities and related expenses on a pro rata basis throughout the year. Therefore, the adoption of IFRIC 21 has resulted in Pure Multi recording an annual property tax expense earlier than previously recognized. Typically property taxes are adjusted for when the property is sold between buyer and seller based on days of ownership in the year. To avoid double counting, a fair value adjustment to investments properties has been recorded by an amount equivalent to the property tax expense which pertains to the periods beyond the current reporting period. The effect of the implementation of IFRIC 21 has been applied retrospectively to the comparative periods and is disclosed in note 3 to the June 30, 2014 unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Standards issued but not yet effective

(c) IFRS 9 - Financial instruments

In November 2009, as part of the IASB’s project to replace International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard was revised in October 2010 to include requirements regarding classification and measurement of financial liabilities and is applicable for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2018. The full impact of the changes in accounting for financial instruments will not be known until the IASB’s project has been completed.

SECTION V

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

All income producing property investments are subject to a degree of risk and uncertainty. They are affected by various factors including general market conditions and local market circumstances. An example of general market conditions would be the availability of long-term financing whereas local conditions would relate to factors affecting specific properties in a particular geographic location, such as changes in market lease rates as a result of an over-supply of space or a reduction in demand for real estate. Management attempts to manage these risks by acquiring investment properties in various cities with strong economic and growth indicators, and engaging property management groups with local knowledge and experience.

The board of directors of the Governing GP has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Pure Multi’s risk management framework. Pure Multi’s risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by Pure Multi, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and in response to Pure Multi’s activities.

In the normal course of business, Pure Multi is exposed to a number of risks that can affect its operating performance. These risks, and the actions taken to manage them, are as follows:

Interest Rate and Financial Risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that the value of, or cash flows related to, a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. Pure Multi is exposed to financial risk from the interest rate differentials between the market rate and the rates used on these financial instruments.

Pure Multi manages its financial instruments and interest rate risks based on its cash flow needs. Pure Multi minimizes interest rate risk by obtaining long-term, fixed rate mortgages whenever possible. It targets a conservative ratio of debt to gross book value within the range of 55% to 65% and is restricted under the LP Agreement to a maximum of 70%. The credit facility is the only financial instrument that bears interest at a variable rate, as currently all mortgages payable bear interest at fixed rates; therefore Pure Multi currently is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

The profile of Pure Multi's interest-bearing financial instruments was:

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i>	Face Value	
	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Fixed rate instruments		
Mortgages payable	\$ 222,297,854	\$ 194,160,399
Convertible debentures	23,000,000	23,000,000
Preferred units	125,000	125,000
	245,422,854	217,285,399
Variable rate instruments		
Credit facility	5,546,485	5,396,485

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to Pure Multi if a tenant, customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from Pure Multi's receivables from tenants.

Pure Multi's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each tenant. Pure Multi, through the US REIT, minimizes the risk by checking tenants' credit histories, requesting security deposits and initiating a prompt collection process. In addition, there is no concentration of credit risk due to the large number of individual tenants.

Currency Risk

Pure Multi is exposed to minimal currency risk since a small portion of the expenses is in Canadian dollars.

Lease Rollover Risk

Lease rollover risk arises from the possibility that Pure Multi may experience difficulty renewing leases as they expire or in re-leasing space vacated by tenants upon lease expiry. All leases of Pure Multi's investment properties have lease terms of one year or less. Typically, Pure Multi instructs its property managers to initiate the renewal process before the existing leases expire. For any vacant spaces, Pure Multi uses qualified leasing agents to actively market the spaces.

Unit Prices

It is not possible to predict the price at which units will trade and there can be no assurance that an active trading market for the units will be sustained. The units will not necessarily trade at values determined solely by reference to the value of the investment properties of Pure Multi. Accordingly, the units may trade at a premium or discount to the value implied by the value of Pure Multi's investment properties. The market price for the units may be affected by changes in general market conditions, fluctuations in the markets for equity securities and numerous other factors beyond Pure Multi's control.

Environmental Risk

As an owner of real property, Pure Multi is subject to various federal, state and municipal laws relating to environmental matters.

Management carries out environmental inspections, by qualified environmental consultants, before a property is purchased. Management is not aware of any material non-compliance with environmental laws with respect to the current portfolio and is not aware of any pending or threatened investigations or actions by environmental regulatory authorities in connection with the current portfolio.

Liquidity Risk

Real property investments tend to be relatively illiquid, with the degree of liquidity generally fluctuating in relation to demand for and the perceived desirability of such investments. Such illiquidity may tend to limit Pure Multi's ability to vary its portfolio promptly in response to changing economic or investment conditions. If Pure Multi were required to liquidate a real property investment, the proceeds to Pure Multi might be significantly less than the aggregate carrying value of such property.

Liquidity risk is the risk that Pure Multi will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Pure Multi's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash available to meet its liabilities when due. In addition, Pure Multi intends to refinance any mortgages which mature within six months.

<i>Pure Multi's interest</i>	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	June 30, 2014 Face value	December 31, 2013 Face value
Oakchase	3.28%	2017	\$ 8,795,286	\$ 8,882,920
Windscape	3.52%	2019	5,090,000	5,090,000
Valley Ranch	3.51%	2022	13,680,000	13,680,000
Sunset Point	3.54%	2022	15,970,000	15,970,000
Prairie Creek	6.02%	2019	31,936,209	32,158,701
Bear Creek	3.45%	2019	32,080,000	32,080,000
Prestonwood	3.46%	2023	8,670,000	8,670,000
Hackberry Creek	3.90%	2028	29,500,000	29,500,000
Deer Park	4.21%	2023	16,480,000	16,480,000
Fountainwood	4.46%	2023	13,000,000	13,000,000
Livingston	3.51%	2018	15,900,000	15,900,000
San Brisas	5.63%	2019	2,726,359	2,748,778
Walker Commons	3.11%	2019	28,470,000	-
Total mortgages principal payable			222,297,854	194,160,399
Unamortized mortgage transaction costs			(2,046,470)	(1,926,918)
Unamortized mark to market mortgage adjustment			3,743,474	4,099,337
Total carrying value of mortgages payable			\$ 223,994,858	\$ 196,332,818

Tax Risk

The US REIT currently qualifies as a real estate investment trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the US REIT is not subject to U.S. federal income tax. If the US REIT does not qualify or ceases to qualify as a REIT under the REIT exception, adverse consequences could arise including a material reduction of distributions to unitholders and Pure Multi.

There can be no assurance that Canadian or U.S. federal income tax laws regarding the treatment of REITs will not be changed, or that administrative and assessment practices of the Canada Revenue Agency or IRS will not develop in a manner which adversely affects Pure Multi or its unitholders.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS***Managing GP***

Pure Multi is related to the Managing GP, by virtue of having an officer and director in common (Stephen Evans). During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi declared distributions to the Managing GP in the amount of \$252,180 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$418,552). Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 was \$252,180 (December 31, 2013 - \$357,956).

Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust

Pure Multi is related to Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust, by virtue of having officers and directors in common (Stephen Evans, Robert King and James Redekop).

There has been no related party transactions between Pure Multi and Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust during the six months ended June 30, 2014. During the year ended December 31, 2013, Pure Multi acquired the following investment properties from Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust:

- Windsong acquired on July 19, 2013
- Fountainwood acquired on August 30, 2013
- Livingston acquired on August 30, 2013
- 20% interest in San Brisas acquired on October 1, 2013

Pure Multi negotiated the purchase price of the properties above with reference to independently prepared third party appraisals.

Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust

Pure Multi is related to Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust, by virtue of having officers and directors in common (Stephen Evans, Robert King and James Redekop).

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi acquired the following investment property from Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust:

- Walker Commons acquired on June 27, 2014

Pure Multi negotiated the purchase price of the property above with reference to an independently prepared third party appraisal.

Tipton Asset Group, Inc.

Tipton Asset Group, Inc. (“Tipton”) is the property manager for Pure Multi. Pure Multi is related to Tipton by virtue of having an officer and director in common with a subsidiary of Pure Multi (Bryan Kerns). Tipton charged \$644,757 in property management fees during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$942,461). Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 was \$nil (December 31, 2013 - \$nil).

Compensation

Currently, the directors of the Governing GP who are not affiliated with or employees of the Managing GP receive annual compensation in the amount of \$12,500, plus \$500 for attendance at meetings of the directors or any committee. As well, the Governing GP indirectly reimburses such directors for any out of pocket expenses, including out of pocket expenses for attending meetings. Pure Multi reimburses the Governing GP for such amounts. In addition, Pure Multi has obtained insurance coverage for such directors. Compensation is reviewed on an annual basis, giving consideration to Pure Multi’s growth and the extent of its portfolio.

Pure Multi compensates the directors of the Governing GP, who are not affiliated with or employees of the Managing GP, through annual compensation. The amount incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$49,881 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$67,335).

Asset Management Agreement

The Managing GP, pursuant to the Asset Management Agreement, will provide asset management, administrative and reporting services to Pure Multi as its managing general partner. The Asset Management Agreement also requires the Managing GP to provide Pure Multi with support services consisting of office space and equipment and the necessary clerical and secretarial personnel for the administration of its day-to-day activities, at no cost. The Asset Management Agreement may be terminated by Pure Multi at any time upon the occurrence of certain events of default and at any other time upon not less than 60 days notice, without bonus or penalty. In lieu of the fees typically associated with a third party asset management agreement, the Managing GP will only be entitled to a reimbursement of any reasonable costs and expenses (including legal and audit costs but excluding personnel costs) that it incurs providing asset management services to Pure Multi and will not be entitled to any other remuneration or compensation for its services.

OUTSTANDING UNIT DATA

Except as set out in the LP Agreement, no Class A Unit or Class B Unit has any preference or priority over another. The Class A Units and the Class B Units have voting rights as set out in the LP Agreement.

Upon completion of the offerings and exercise of the over-allotment option, holders of Class A Units share in a 95% equity interest in all distributions and all net assets of Pure Multi, and the Managing GP, as the holder of Class B Units, shares in a 5% equity interest in all distributions and all net assets of Pure Multi.

As at August 7, 2014, the following of Pure Multi's securities were outstanding:

- (a) 200,000 Class B Units. Pursuant to the LP Agreement, the Class B Unitholders as a class are entitled to convert some or all of their Class B Units into Class A Units based on the Specified Ratio (as defined in the LP Agreement). See "Financial Condition – Partners' Capital";
- (b) 34,834,824 Class A Units;
- (c) 2,197,912 Warrants; and
- (d) 23,000 Convertible Debentures. The Convertible Debentures are convertible at the option of the holder and redeemable by Pure Multi in accordance with the terms of the trust indenture dated August 7, 2013. See "Financial Condition – Convertible Debentures".

SECTION VI

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a) Issuance of Units

On July 29, 2014, Pure Multi completed the closing of a public offering of 6,350,000 Class A Units on a bought deal basis, at a price of \$4.75 per Class A Unit for gross proceeds of \$30,162,500.

b) Preserve at Arbor Hills ("Preserve")

On July 24, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, entered into a conditional, non-binding, purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of Preserve, located in Plano, Texas, for a purchase price of \$41,000,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. The acquisition is expected to close in late August 2014.

c) San Brisas Apartments ("San Brisas")

On July 24, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, entered into a conditional, non-binding, purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of the remaining 80% interest of San Brisas, located in Chandler, Arizona, for a purchase price of \$22,640,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. After the acquisition of the remaining 80% interest of San Brisas, Pure Multi will have a 100% ownership interest in the investment property. The acquisition is expected to close in late August 2014.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to Pure Multi is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on Pure Multi's website at www.puremultifamily.com.

TRADING SYMBOLS

TSX Venture Exchange: RUF.U, RUF.UN, RUF.DB.U

OTCQX: PMULF

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and six months ended June 30, 2014
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Investment properties (note 4)	\$ 384,171,262	\$ 332,002,818
Equity-accounted investment (note 5)	2,918,789	2,830,709
	387,090,051	334,833,527
Current assets		
Prepaid expenses	972,461	949,752
Mortgage reserve fund (note 6)	4,166,174	5,657,019
Amounts receivable	14,803	33,051
Cash and cash equivalents	8,888,729	6,673,381
	14,042,167	13,313,203
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 401,132,218	\$ 348,146,730
LIABILITIES		
Non-current liabilities		
Mortgages payable (note 7)	\$ 219,998,776	\$ 192,732,808
Convertible debentures (note 8)	19,734,356	19,663,721
Preferred units of subsidiary (note 9)	125,000	125,000
	239,858,132	212,521,529
Current liabilities		
Mortgages payable – current portion (note 7)	1,221,033	797,854
Credit facility (note 10)	5,452,645	5,280,990
Rental deposits	691,320	558,862
Unearned revenue	498,134	649,867
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,769,920	8,544,775
	14,633,052	15,832,348
TOTAL LIABILITIES	254,491,184	228,353,877
PARTNERS' CAPITAL (note 11)	146,641,034	119,792,853
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL	\$ 401,132,218	\$ 348,146,730

Nature of business and basis of presentation (note 1 and 2)

Subsequent event (note 19)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Partners' Capital
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

	Limited Partners Class A	Limited Partners Class B	General Partner	Other Equity Items (Note 11)	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balance, January 1, 2014	\$ 111,876,144	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 20	\$ 1,985,429	\$ 4,931,260	\$ 119,792,853
Issuance of units	19,297,667	-	-	-	-	19,297,667
Issuance of warrants	-	-	-	703,332	-	703,332
Offering costs	(200,140)	-	-	(5,737)	-	(205,877)
Distributions to limited partners	-	-	-	-	(5,043,607)	(5,043,607)
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	12,096,666	12,096,666
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 130,973,671	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 20	\$ 2,683,024	\$ 11,984,319	\$ 146,641,034

	Limited Partners Class A	Limited Partners Class B	General Partner	Accumulated Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balance, January 1, 2013	\$ 79,226,619	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 20	\$ (899,911)	\$ 79,326,728
Issuance of units	35,000,000	-	-	-	35,000,000
Offering costs	(2,125,594)	-	-	-	(2,125,594)
Distributions to limited partners	-	-	-	(3,680,021)	(3,680,021)
Net income for the period	-	-	-	3,341,511	3,341,511
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 112,101,025	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 20	\$ (1,238,421)	\$ 111,862,624

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

	Six months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2013 (Restated – note 3)	Three months ended June 30, 2014	Three months ended June 30, 2013 (Restated – note 3)
REVENUES				
Rental	\$ 21,265,878	\$ 11,871,102	\$ 10,769,981	\$ 6,371,334
OPERATING EXPENSES (RECOVERIES)				
Insurance	553,905	270,317	283,270	150,323
Property management	636,956	356,100	322,123	191,578
Property taxes	6,791,964	3,466,948	-	(286,620)
Property operating expenses	5,362,650	3,269,423	2,747,318	1,903,671
	13,345,475	7,362,788	3,352,711	1,958,952
NET RENTAL INCOME	7,920,403	4,508,314	7,417,270	4,412,382
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	1,446	1,032	1,003	655
Interest expense (note 12)	(4,610,069)	(2,240,479)	(2,319,935)	(1,206,149)
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(7,813)	(7,075)	(3,907)	(3,907)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	(43,835)	-	-
	(4,616,436)	(2,290,357)	(2,322,839)	(1,209,401)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Other income (expense)	(472)	1,826	(448)	1,621
General and administrative	(420,312)	(274,213)	(226,112)	(152,388)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties (note 4)	5,858,215	(276,359)	5,858,215	(233,941)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties (note 4)	3,414,312	1,672,300	(1,707,159)	(1,171,624)
Franchise taxes	(147,124)	-	(73,653)	-
	8,704,619	1,123,554	3,850,843	(1,556,332)
SHARE OF PROFIT OF EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENT (note 5)	88,080	-	41,719	-
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 12,096,666	\$ 3,341,511	\$ 8,986,993	\$ 1,646,649
Earnings per Class A unit				
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.33	\$ 0.07
Weighted average number of Class A units				
Basic and diluted	25,084,739	19,177,398	26,069,536	21,242,846
Earnings per Class B unit				
Basic and diluted	\$ 3.02	\$ 0.84	\$ 2.25	\$ 0.41
Weighted average number of Class B units				
Basic and diluted	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Six months ended	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013 (Restated – note 3)
Cash provided by (used in)		
OPERATIONS		
Net income	\$ 12,096,666	\$ 3,341,511
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization of transaction costs	206,218	78,446
Amortization of mark to market mortgage adjustment	(340,920)	(329,127)
Fair value adjustments to investment property (note 4)	(5,858,215)	276,359
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties (note 4)	(3,414,312)	(1,672,300)
Property tax adjustments on acquisition	(6,548)	(165,010)
Share of (profit) loss of equity-accounted investee (note 5)	(88,080)	-
Interest income	(1,446)	(1,032)
Interest expense	4,744,771	2,491,160
Distributions to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	7,813	7,075
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	43,835
Net change in non-cash working capital items (note 13)	1,833,187	2,451,820
	9,179,134	6,522,737
INVESTING		
Acquisitions of investment properties	(45,528,756)	(86,011,349)
Capital additions to investment properties	(774,925)	(1,126,399)
Interest received	1,446	1,032
	(46,302,235)	(87,136,716)
FINANCING		
Distributions paid to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(7,813)	(7,075)
Distributions paid to limited partners	(5,014,975)	(3,402,599)
Interest paid	(4,990,869)	(2,479,135)
Credit facility proceeds received	150,000	-
Mortgage proceeds received	28,470,000	54,650,000
Mortgage reserve fund	1,490,845	(455,849)
Payment of finance transaction costs	(243,735)	(474,926)
Proceeds from the issuance of limited partner units	19,297,667	35,000,000
Proceeds from the issuance of subsidiary units	-	125,000
Proceeds from the issuance of warrants	703,332	-
Repayment of mortgages	(310,126)	(209,546)
Unit offering costs	(205,877)	(2,169,429)
	39,338,449	80,576,441

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Net change in cash and cash equivalents	2,215,348	(37,538)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	6,673,381	14,960,607
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 8,888,729	\$ 14,923,607
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Non-cash financing and investing activity:		
Cash distributions to the limited partners included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,142,331	\$ 906,671

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements

1. PURE MULTI-FAMILY REIT LP INFORMATION

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP (“Pure Multi”) is a limited partnership formed under the *Limited Partnership Act* (Ontario) to invest in multi-family real estate properties in the United States. Pure Multi was established by Pure Multi-Family Management Limited Partnership (the “Managing GP”), its managing general partner, and Pure Multi-Family REIT (GP) Inc. (the “Governing GP”), its governing general partner, pursuant to the terms of the Limited Partnership Agreement (“LP Agreement”). Pure Multi’s head office and address for service is located at 910 – 925 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3L2. A copy of the Limited Partnership Agreement can be obtained from Pure Multi or on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Pure Multi was established, among other things, for the purposes of:

- a) acquiring Common Shares and a Series A Preferred Share of Pure US Apartments REIT Inc. (the “US REIT”);
- b) temporarily holding cash and investments for the purposes of paying the expenses and liabilities of Pure Multi and making distributions to Unitholders;
- c) in connection with the undertaking set out above, reinvesting income and gains of Pure Multi and taking other actions besides the mere protection and preservation of Pure Multi property.

The US REIT was established, among other things, for the purposes of acquiring, owning and operating multi-family real estate properties in the United States.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2014 were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Governing GP (the “Board”) on August 6, 2014.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

a. Statement of compliance and basis of presentation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) incorporating interpretations issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee (“IFRICs”). These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

Other than subsequently disclosed, the significant accounting policies applied by Pure Multi in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those applied to Pure Multi’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013. Additional disclosures are required in annual financial statements; therefore, these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with Pure Multi’s audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

b. Basis of measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for investment properties which have been measured at fair value.

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying Pure Multi's accounting policies. Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in note 3(P) to Pure Multi's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

c. Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, which is Pure Multi's functional currency.

d. Presentation of financial statements

Pure Multi uses a classified statement of financial position. The consolidated statement of financial position distinguishes between current and non-current assets and liabilities. Current assets and liabilities are those expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months from the reporting date and non-current assets and liabilities are those where the recovery or settlement is expected to occur more than twelve months from the reporting date. Pure Multi classifies the statements of income and comprehensive income using the function of expense method, which classifies expenses according to their functions, such as costs of operations or administrative activities.

e. Future changes in accounting policies

(i) Adoption of new accounting policies

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

In December 2011, the IASB made amendments to IAS 32, *Financial Instruments: Presentation*. The amendments to IAS 32 clarify the requirements for offsetting financial instruments. The amended version of IAS 32 is effective for Pure Multi's year-end beginning January 1, 2014, with early adoption permitted. The adoption of amendments to IAS 32 did not have an impact on Pure Multi's consolidated financial statements.

Levies

Effective January 1, 2014, Pure Multi has retrospectively adopted IFRIC interpretation 21, *Levies* ("IFRIC 21") for the period beginning January 1, 2013. IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognizes a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payment occurs, as identified by the relevant legislation. IFRIC 21 is applicable to all levies imposed by governments under legislation, including property taxes, but does not apply to accounting for income taxes, fines and penalties or for the acquisition of assets from governments. The adoption of IFRIC 21 requires Pure Multi to recognize the full amount of annual property tax liabilities at the point in time when the property tax obligation is imposed. Pure Multi previously recognized property tax liabilities and related expenses on a pro rata basis throughout the year. Therefore, the adoption of IFRIC 21 has resulted in Pure Multi recording an annual property tax expense earlier than previously recognized. Typically property taxes are adjusted for when the property is sold between buyer and seller based on days of ownership in the year. To avoid double counting, a fair value adjustment to investments properties has been recorded by an amount equivalent to the property tax expense which pertains to the periods beyond the current reporting period. The effect of the implementation of IFRIC 21 has been applied retrospectively to the comparative periods and is disclosed in note 3.

(ii) Future accounting policy changes

Financial instruments: classification and measurement

In November 2009, as part of the IASB's project to replace International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, which introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. The standard was revised in October 2010 to include requirements regarding classification and measurement of financial liabilities and is applicable for annual periods starting on or after January 1, 2018. The full impact of the changes in accounting for financial instruments will not be known until the IASB's project has been completed.

3. ADOPTION OF IFRIC 21

Effective January 1, 2014, Pure Multi has adopted IFRIC 21, as disclosed in note 2, in accordance with the transitional provisions. The following tables provide reconciliations of the impact of the adoption of IFRIC 21 on Pure Multi's consolidated financial statements.

IFRS Impact on the consolidated statements of cash flows

The IFRS adjustments made to the comparative Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income for the six months ended June 30, 2013 have been made to the Statement of Cash Flows as at the same date.

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Reconciliation of Net Income and Comprehensive Income for the three months ended June 30, 2013:

Three months ended June 30, 2013	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated
REVENUES			
Rental	\$ 6,371,334	\$ -	\$ 6,371,334
OPERATING EXPENSES (RECOVERIES)			
Insurance	150,323	-	150,323
Property management	191,578	-	191,578
Property taxes	1,050,014	(1,336,634)	(286,620)
Property operating expenses	1,903,671	-	1,903,671
	3,295,586	(1,336,634)	1,958,952
NET RENTAL INCOME	3,075,748	1,336,634	4,412,382
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	655	-	655
Mortgage interest	(1,206,149)	-	(1,206,149)
Distribution to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(3,907)	-	(3,907)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	-	-	-
	(1,209,401)	-	(1,209,401)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Other income	1,621	-	1,621
General and administrative	(152,388)	-	(152,388)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	(68,931)	(165,010)	(233,941)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	-	(1,171,624)	(1,171,624)
	(219,698)	(1,336,634)	(1,556,332)
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 1,646,649	\$ -	\$ 1,646,649
Earnings per Class A unit			
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.07	\$ -	\$ 0.07
Weighted average number of Class A units			
Basic and diluted	21,242,846	-	21,242,846
Earnings per Class B unit			
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ -	\$ 0.41
Weighted average number of Class B units			
Basic and diluted	200,000	-	200,000

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Reconciliation of Net Income and Comprehensive Income for the six months ended June 30, 2013:

Six months ended June 30, 2013	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated
REVENUES			
Rental	\$ 11,871,102	\$ -	\$ 11,871,102
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Insurance	270,317	-	270,317
Property management	356,100	-	356,100
Property taxes	1,959,658	1,507,290	3,466,948
Property operating expenses	3,269,423	-	3,269,423
	5,855,498	1,507,290	7,362,788
NET RENTAL INCOME	6,015,604	(1,507,290)	4,508,314
NET FINANCE INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Interest income	1,032	-	1,032
Mortgage interest	(2,240,479)	-	(2,240,479)
Distribution to subsidiary's preferred unitholders	(7,075)	-	(7,075)
Preferred units of subsidiary offering costs	(43,835)	-	(43,835)
	(2,290,357)	-	(2,290,357)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)			
Other income	1,826	-	1,826
General and administrative	(274,213)	-	(274,213)
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	(111,349)	(165,010)	(276,359)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	-	1,672,300	1,672,300
	(383,736)	1,507,290	1,123,554
NET INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 3,341,511	\$ -	\$ 3,341,511
Earnings per Class A unit			
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.17	\$ -	\$ 0.17
Weighted average number of Class A units			
Basic and diluted	19,177,398	-	19,177,398
Earnings per Class B unit			
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.84	\$ -	\$ 0.84
Weighted average number of Class B units			
Basic and diluted	200,000	-	200,000

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

4. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	2014
Balance, at January 1, 2014	\$ 332,002,818
Acquisitions	45,528,756
Property tax adjustments on acquisition	305,324
Capital additions	774,925
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	5,858,215
	384,470,038
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment	(3,713,088)
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	3,414,312
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 384,171,262

On June 27, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Walker Commons, a multi-family apartment community (“Walker Commons”), located in Houston, Texas, for a purchase price of \$43,800,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 5 year mortgage in the amount of \$28,470,000.

	2013
Balance, at January 1, 2013	\$ 175,916,459
Acquisitions	147,904,162
Property tax adjustments on acquisition	1,423,429
Capital additions	2,617,282
Fair value adjustments to investment properties	4,141,486
	332,002,818
IFRIC 21 property tax liability adjustment	-
IFRIC 21 fair value adjustment to investment properties	-
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 332,002,818

On March 15, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Laguna Luxury Apartments, which was subsequently renamed to Fairways at Prestonwood (“Prestonwood”), located in Dallas, Texas, for a purchase price of \$17,500,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 10 year mortgage in the amount of \$8,670,000.

On June 6, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Vistas at Hackberry Creek Apartments (“Hackberry Creek”), located in Dallas, Texas, for a purchase price of \$45,400,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 15 year mortgage in the amount of \$29,500,000.

On June 21, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Deer Park Apartments, which was subsequently renamed to The Boulevard at Deer Park (“Deer Park”), located in Deer Park, Texas, for a purchase price of \$23,000,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 10 year mortgage in the amount of \$16,480,000.

On July 19, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Windsong Apartments (“Windsong”), located in Dallas, Texas, for a purchase price of \$16,500,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and proceeds from a new credit facility.

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

On August 30, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Fountainwood Apartments (“Fountainwood”), located in Euless, Texas, for a purchase price of \$19,800,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 10 year mortgage in the amount of \$13,000,000.

On August 30, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired Livingston Apartments (“Livingston”), located in Plano, Texas, for a purchase price of \$25,500,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and a new 5 year mortgage in the amount of \$15,900,000.

The investment properties are pledged as security against the mortgages payable.

The fair value of the investment properties has been determined on a market value basis. As set out in note 3(P) to Pure Multi’s audited annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013, in arriving at their estimates of market values, management and the independent appraisers have used their market knowledge and professional judgment and did not rely solely on historical transactional comparisons.

When obtained, appraisals were performed by accredited independent appraisers with recognized and relevant professional qualifications and with recent experience in the location and category of the investment property being valued. Management reviews each appraisal and ensures that the assumptions used below are reasonable and the final fair value amount reflects those assumptions used in the determination of the fair market values of the properties.

Pure Multi does not expect to obtain appraisals for each property at each reporting date. Where Pure Multi does not obtain an appraisal for a specific investment property at the reporting date, management uses specific indicators (i.e. market conditions, discount rate changes, etc.) and determines whether a change in fair value has occurred. During the current period, management obtained appraisals on some of the investment properties, therefore management undertook its own valuation process, as described above, on the other investment properties.

The significant assumptions made relating to the valuations of the investment properties are set out below:

	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Weighted average	Range	Weighted average	Range
Capitalization rate*	6.12%	5.50% - 7.00%	6.16%	5.50% - 7.00%

**Capitalization rates are based on Pure Multi’s proportionate share of stabilized NOI of its entire portfolio, including its equity-accounted investment.*

5. EQUITY-ACCOUNTED INVESTMENT

On October 1, 2013, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, acquired a 19.99% interest in Sunstone San Brisas LP and a 20% interest in Sunstone San Brisas Apartments, LLC (collectively referred to as “San Brisas”), located in Chandler, Arizona, for a purchase price of \$5,600,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. This acquisition was financed with cash and the assumption of a mortgage in the amount of \$2,755,967 bearing a rate of interest of 5.63%. As the stated rate of the assumed mortgage is greater than the current market rate of interest, an adjustment of \$206,913 was determined to increase the assumed mortgage to market value and has been included in the determination of the cost of this acquisition. The mark to market adjustment of the assumed mortgage is amortized over the remaining term on an effective interest rate basis, which reduces the effective interest rate over the current term of the mortgage.

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

Pure Multi has the following significant interest in the joint venture, which is measured using the equity method:

- a) 20% share in the ownership of a 208-unit property, San Brisas, located in Chandler, Arizona

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,830,709	\$ -
Additions	-	3,016,742
Share of net income (loss)	88,080	(186,033)
Distributions	-	-
Balance, end of period	\$ 2,918,789	\$ 2,830,709

As at	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Current assets	\$ 639,370	\$ 452,939
Non-current assets	28,128,469	28,000,000
Current liabilities	(530,397)	(513,874)
Non-current liabilities	(13,400,049)	(13,518,632)
Net assets	14,837,393	14,420,433
Pure Multi's share of net assets, before adjustments	2,967,479	2,884,087
Adjustment for Pure Multi's unamortized mortgage transaction fee	138,370	148,624
Adjustment for Pure Multi's unamortized mark to market mortgage adjustment	(187,060)	(202,002)
Pure Multi's share of net assets	\$ 2,918,789	\$ 2,830,709

For the six months ended June 30	2014	2013
Revenues	\$ 1,300,245	\$ -
Operating expenses	496,097	-
Net rental income	804,148	-
Net finance income (expenses)	(387,190)	-
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	416,958	-
Pure Multi's share of net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss), before adjustments	83,392	-
Adjustment for Pure Multi's net finance income (expenses) related to joint venture	4,688	-
Pure Multi's share of net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 88,080	\$ -

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

6. MORTGAGE RESERVE FUND

The mortgage reserve fund consists of cash on deposit requested by the lenders to be retained in escrow to pay for any repairs to the properties and certain costs. These funds will be released to pay the respective obligations or once certain conditions are met, such as completion of repairs. The term of the mortgage reserve fund is less than 12 months.

7. MORTGAGES PAYABLE

	Nominal interest rate	Year of maturity	June 30, 2014 Face value	December 31, 2013 Face value
Oakchase	3.28%	2017	\$ 8,795,286	\$ 8,882,920
Windscape	3.52%	2019	5,090,000	5,090,000
Valley Ranch	3.51%	2022	13,680,000	13,680,000
Sunset Point	3.54%	2022	15,970,000	15,970,000
Prairie Creek	6.02%	2019	31,936,209	32,158,701
Bear Creek	3.45%	2019	32,080,000	32,080,000
Prestonwood	3.46%	2023	8,670,000	8,670,000
Hackberry Creek	3.90%	2028	29,500,000	29,500,000
Deer Park	4.21%	2023	16,480,000	16,480,000
Fountainwood	4.46%	2023	13,000,000	13,000,000
Livingston	3.51%	2018	15,900,000	15,900,000
Walker Commons	3.11%	2019	28,470,000	-
Total mortgages principal payable			219,571,495	191,411,621
Unamortized mortgage transaction costs			(1,908,101)	(1,778,294)
Unamortized mark to market mortgage adjustment			3,556,414	3,897,335
Total carrying value of mortgages payable			\$ 221,219,808	\$ 193,530,662

The mortgages payable are recorded at amortized cost and bear a weighted effective interest rate of 3.97% as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 4.10%).

The mortgages payable are secured by charges on Pure Multi's investment properties.

Principal repayments, as of June 30, 2014, based on scheduled repayments to be made on the mortgages payable over the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2014 remaining	\$ 487,728
2015	1,608,076
2016	1,809,002
2017	10,044,672
2018	16,576,981
Thereafter	189,045,036
	\$ 219,571,495

8. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

On August 7, 2013, Pure Multi issued \$23,000,000 of 6.5% convertible unsecured subordinated debentures (“6.5% convertible debentures”) due on September 30, 2020. Each of the 6.5% convertible debentures is denominated with a face value of \$1,000 and is convertible at the holder’s option at any time into Class A Units at conversion price of \$5.65 per Class A Unit, in accordance with the terms of the trust indenture dated August 7, 2013. On or after September 30, 2016, but prior to September 30, 2018, the 6.5% convertible debentures may be redeemed by Pure Multi, in whole or in part, at a price equal to their principal amount plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon, provided the weighted average trading price of the Class A Units for the 20 consecutive trading days, ending on the fifth trading day immediately preceding the date on which notice of redemption is given, is at least 125% of the conversion price. After September 30, 2018, the 6.5% convertible debentures may be redeemed by Pure Multi at any time. During the six months ended June 30, 2014, none of the 6.5% convertible debentures have been converted into Class A Units. At June 30, 2014, \$23,000,000 of the face value of the 6.5% convertible debentures was outstanding.

The following summarizes the face and carrying values of the 6.5% convertible debentures at June 30, 2014:

	Liability Component		Equity Component
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Balance as at December 31, 2013	\$ 20,886,300	\$ 19,663,721	\$ 1,985,429
Amortization of transaction costs	-	70,635	-
Balance as at June 30, 2014	\$ 20,886,300	\$ 19,734,356	\$ 1,985,429

9. PREFERRED UNITS OF SUBSIDIARY

During the year ended December 31, 2013, the US REIT issued 125 preferred units at \$1,000 per unit for gross proceeds of \$125,000. On consolidation, the preferred units of the US REIT are reflected as a liability of Pure Multi.

The preferred units are non-voting preferred units. Unitholders holding preferred units are entitled to receive dividends from the US REIT at a per annum rate equal to 12.5%, payable on June 30 and December 31 of each year. Unitholders holding preferred units will be allocated such return in priority to any allocations or distributions to all other classes and series of units of the US REIT. However, after payment of such return to unitholders holding preferred units, preferred unitholders are not otherwise entitled to share in the income of the US REIT.

The US REIT may redeem the preferred units at any time, for a price equal to \$1,000 per preferred unit, plus accumulated and unpaid distributions and a redemption premium if the preferred units are redeemed before January 1, 2015. The redemption premium is equal to \$100 per preferred unit if redemption occurs on or before December 31, 2014. There is no redemption premium for redemptions after December 31, 2014.

Due to the fixed distributions and preferred treatment for preferred units, they meet the definition of a liability. In addition, the Board does not expect to redeem any preferred units within the next year. Thus, the preferred units are classified as non-current liabilities.

Pure Multi declared distributions of \$7,813 during the six months ended June 30, 2014 to the preferred unitholders (year ended December 31, 2013 – \$14,888).

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

10. CREDIT FACILITY

On July 19, 2013, Pure Multi established a revolving credit facility with a lender in the amount of \$9,900,000. At June 30, 2014 there was \$5,546,485 outstanding (December 31, 2013 - \$5,396,485). The revolving credit facility is interest bearing at a variable interest rate based at 2.00% plus the London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”). The revolving credit facility is secured by a charge in respect of Windsong and matures on July 19, 2016.

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Revolving credit facility	\$ 9,900,000	\$ 9,900,000
Less: Line of credit outstanding	(5,546,485)	(5,396,485)
Remaining unused credit facility	\$ 4,353,515	\$ 4,503,515

The amount payable on the credit facility at June 30, 2014 was \$5,452,645 (December 31, 2013 - \$5,280,990). Included in this amount are the related unamortized transaction costs of \$93,840 (December 31, 2013 - \$115,495), which are amortized over the term of the credit facility, on a straight-line basis.

11. PARTNERS' CAPITAL

a. Limited Partners and General Partner

The capital of Pure Multi consists of an unlimited number of units of Pure Multi and the interest held by the Governing GP. The Governing GP has made a capital contribution of \$20 to Pure Multi and has no further obligation to contribute capital.

From date of formation on May 8, 2012 to December 31, 2012 (“period ended December 31, 2012”), the Managing GP subscribed for 200,000 Class B units (each a “Class B Unit”) of Pure Multi, at a price of \$5.00 per Class B Unit, for gross proceeds to Pure Multi of \$1,000,000, which entitles the Class B Unitholders, initially, a 5% interest in Pure Multi. Pure Multi did not issue any additional Class B Units subsequent to this.

From the date of formation, May 8, 2012, to December 31, 2013, Pure Multi issued 24,089,000 Class A Units for gross proceeds of \$121,283,350, less offering costs.

On May 21, 2014, Pure Multi issued, through a private placement, a total of 4,395,824 units (the “Units”), at a price of \$4.55 per Unit, for gross proceeds of \$20,000,999, less offering costs. Each Unit consists of one Class A Unit and one-half Class A Unit purchase warrant (each whole warrant, a “Warrant”). Each Warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional Class A Unit from Pure Multi at a price of \$5.15 per Class A Unit until November 20, 2016.

Pure Multi is authorized to issue an unlimited number of Class A Units and Class B Units.

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

b. Other Equity Items

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	Convertible Debentures Equity Component (Note 8)	Warrants	Total	Convertible Debentures Equity Component (Note 8)	Warrants	Total
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 1,985,429	\$ -	\$ 1,985,429	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Issuance of convertible debentures, net of offering costs	-	-	-	1,985,429	-	1,985,429
Issuance of warrants, net of offering costs	-	697,595	697,595	-	-	-
Balance at end of period	\$ 1,985,429	\$ 697,595	\$ 2,683,024	\$ 1,985,429	\$ -	\$ 1,985,429

As at June 30, 2014, Pure Multi had outstanding Warrants as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry
2,197,912	\$5.15	November 20, 2016

12. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense consists of the following:

Six months ended	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Mortgage interest	\$ 3,943,418	\$ 2,491,160
Credit facility interest	59,893	-
Convertible debenture interest	741,460	-
Amortization of transaction costs	206,218	78,446
Amortization of mark to market mortgage adjustment	(340,920)	(329,127)
	\$ 4,610,069	\$ 2,240,479

Three months ended	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Mortgage interest	\$ 1,984,504	\$ 1,331,534
Credit facility interest	30,163	-
Convertible debenture interest	372,726	-
Amortization of transaction costs	103,752	39,903
Amortization of mark to market mortgage adjustment	(171,210)	(165,288)
	\$ 2,319,935	\$ 1,206,149

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

13. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH WORKING CAPITAL ITEMS

Cash provided by (used in)	Six months ended June 30, 2014	Six months ended June 30, 2013
Amounts receivable	\$ 18,248	\$ 12,593
Prepaid expenses	(22,709)	(197,176)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,856,923	2,346,879
Unearned revenue	(151,733)	137,574
Rental deposits	132,458	151,950
	\$ 1,833,187	\$ 2,451,820

14. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Pure Multi defines capital as the aggregate of partners' capital, preferred units of subsidiary and long term debt. Pure Multi's objectives in managing capital are to maintain a level of capital that complies with investment and debt restrictions pursuant to the initial offering prospectus; complies with existing debt covenants, if any; funds its business strategies; and builds long-term partners' value. Pure Multi's capital structure is approved by the board of directors of the Governing GP through its periodic reviews.

The LP Agreement provides for a maximum indebtedness level of up to 70% of the gross book value. The term "indebtedness" means any obligation of Pure Multi for borrowed money (including the face amount outstanding under any convertible debentures and any outstanding liabilities of Pure Multi arising from the issuance of subordinated notes but excluding any premium in respect of indebtedness assumed by Pure Multi for which Pure Multi has the benefit of an interest rate subsidy), but excludes trade accounts payable, distributions payable to unitholders, preferred units of subsidiary, accrued liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business and short-term acquisition credit facilities. The LP Agreement defines "gross book value" as the book value of the assets of Pure Multi plus the amount of accumulated depreciation and amortization in respect of such assets (and related intangible assets), the amount of future income tax liability arising out of indirect acquisitions and excluding the amount of any receivable reflecting interest rate subsidies on any debt assumed by Pure Multi. Pure Multi's indebtedness is 62.5% as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 64.0%). Pure Multi was in compliance with all restrictions during the six months ended June 30, 2014 and the year ended December 31, 2013.

There were no changes in Pure Multi's approach to capital management during the six months ended June 30, 2014. The capital structure consisted of the following components at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	June 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Capital		
Mortgages payable	\$ 221,219,809	\$ 193,530,662
Convertible debentures	19,734,356	19,663,721
Preferred units of subsidiary	125,000	125,000
Partners' capital	146,641,034	119,792,853
Total capital	\$ 387,720,199	\$ 333,112,236

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value of financial instruments

For certain of Pure Multi's financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, mortgage reserve fund, credit facility, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the carrying amounts approximate the fair values due to the short-term nature of the instruments.

The fair values of the mortgages payable and preferred units have been calculated based on discounted future cash flows using discount rates that reflect current market conditions for instruments having similar terms and conditions. Discount rates are either provided by lenders or are observable in the open market. The fair value of the convertible debentures has been calculated using quoted prices in active markets.

The following table presents the carrying amounts and fair values of Pure Multi's financial instruments:

	June 30, 2014		December 31, 2013	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Mortgages payable	\$ 221,219,809	\$ 225,703,080	\$ 193,530,662	\$ 198,636,203
Preferred units of subsidiary	125,000	125,000	125,000	125,000
Convertible debentures	19,734,356	22,484,800	19,663,721	21,390,000

Financial risk management

The board of directors of the Governing GP has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Pure Multi's risk management framework. Pure Multi's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by Pure Multi, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and in response to Pure Multi's activities.

In the normal course of business, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, is exposed to a number of risks that can affect its operating performance. These risks include, but are not limited to, credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and environmental risk.

There have been no changes to Pure Multi's assessment of its risk factors since December 31, 2013. Please refer to Pure Multi's audited consolidated financial statements and management discussion and analysis for the year ended December 31, 2013 for a discussion of risk factors that have been identified by Pure Multi.

16. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND COMMITMENTS

Managing GP

Pure Multi is related to the Managing GP, by virtue of having an officer and director in common (Stephen Evans).

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi declared distributions to the Managing GP in the amount of \$252,180 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$418,552). Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 was \$252,180 (December 31, 2013 - \$357,956).

Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust

Pure Multi is related to Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust, by virtue of having officers and directors in common (Stephen Evans, Robert King and James Redekop).

There has been no related party transactions between Pure Multi and Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust during the six months ended June 30, 2014. During the year ended December 31, 2013, Pure Multi acquired the following investment properties from Sunstone U.S. Opportunity Realty Trust:

- Windsong acquired on July 19, 2013;
- Fountainwood acquired on August 30, 2013;
- Livingston acquired on August 30, 2013; and
- 20% interest in San Brisas acquired on October 1, 2013

Pure Multi negotiated the purchase price of the properties above with reference to independently prepared third party appraisals.

Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust

Pure Multi is related to Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust, by virtue of having officers and directors in common (Stephen Evans, Robert King and James Redekop).

During the six months ended June 30, 2014, Pure Multi acquired the following investment property from Sunstone U.S. Opportunity (No. 2) Realty Trust:

- Walker Commons acquired on June 27, 2014

Pure Multi negotiated the purchase price of the property above with reference to an independently prepared third party appraisal.

Asset Management Agreement

The Managing GP, pursuant to the Asset Management Agreement, will provide asset management, administrative and reporting services to Pure Multi as its managing general partner. The Asset Management Agreement also requires the Managing GP to provide Pure Multi with support services consisting of office space and equipment and the necessary clerical and secretarial personnel for the administration of its day-to-day activities, at no cost. The Asset Management Agreement may be terminated by Pure Multi at any time upon the occurrence of certain events of default and at any other time upon not less than 60 days notice, without bonus or penalty. In lieu of the fees typically associated with a third party asset management agreement, the Managing GP will only be entitled to a reimbursement of any reasonable costs and expenses (including legal and audit costs but excluding personnel costs) that it incurs providing asset management services to Pure Multi and will not be entitled to any other remuneration or compensation for its services.

Tipton Asset Group, Inc. (“Tipton”) is the property manager for Pure Multi. Pure Multi is related to Tipton by virtue of having an officer and director in common with a subsidiary of Pure Multi (Bryan Kerns). Tipton charged \$644,757 in property management fees during the six months ended June 30, 2014 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$942,461). Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities at June 30, 2014 was \$nil (December 31, 2013 - \$nil).

Compensation

Currently, the directors of the Governing GP who are not affiliated with or employees of the Managing GP will receive annual compensation in the amount of \$12,500, plus \$500 for attendance at meetings of the directors or any committee. As well, the Governing GP will indirectly reimburse such directors for any out of pocket expenses, including out of pocket expenses for attending meetings. Pure Multi will reimburse the Governing GP for such amounts. In addition, Pure Multi will obtain insurance coverage for such directors. Compensation will be reviewed on an annual basis, giving consideration to Pure Multi's growth and the extent of its portfolio.

Pure Multi compensates the directors of the Governing GP, who are not affiliated with or employees of the Managing GP, through annual compensation. The amount incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2014 was \$49,881 (year ended December 31, 2013 - \$67,335).

17. LEASES

Pure Multi, through the US REIT, has entered into lease agreements on its investment properties. The residential property leases typically have lease terms of 1 to 12 months. Future minimum rental revenue to be earned under non-cancellable operating leases is \$18,616,157 as at June 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 - \$16,382,301).

18. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Pure Multi measures investment properties at fair value at each balance sheet date, the fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. In certain circumstances, the initial fair value may be based on other observable current market transactions, without modification or on a valuation technique using market based inputs.

Fair value measurements recognized in the statement of financial position are categorized in accordance with the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities or valuation techniques where significant inputs are based on observable market data.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which any significant input is not based on observable market data.

The fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position or disclosed in the notes to the financial statements is as follows:

	June 30, 2014			December 31, 2013		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<i>(000's)</i>						
Investment properties	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 384,171	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 332,002
Mortgages payable	-	225,703	-	-	198,636	-
Preferred units of subsidiary	-	125	-	-	125	-
Convertible debentures	22,485	-	-	21,390	-	-

Pure Multi-Family REIT LP
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
Expressed in United States dollars

There have been no transfers among all levels during the year.

As disclosed above, the fair value methodology for Pure Multi's investment properties is considered Level 3, as significant unobservable inputs are required to determine fair value. Refer to note 4, for a description of how management determines fair value and for further details of the average capitalization rates and ranges for investment properties, including equity-accounted investees.

Investment properties as at June 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013 have been valued using the overall capitalization rate ("OCR") method, an income based approach, whereby the stabilized net operating income is capitalized at the requisite OCR.

Valuations determined by the OCR method are most sensitive to changes in capitalization rates. The table below summarizes the sensitivity of the fair value of investment properties to changes in the capitalization rate at June 30, 2014:

Rate sensitivity	OCR Sensitivity	
	Fair value*	Change in fair value
+ 75 basis points	\$ 347,071,322	\$ (42,725,634)
+ 50 basis points	360,229,314	(29,567,642)
+ 25 basis points	374,428,164	(15,368,792)
Base rate (6.16%)	389,796,956	-
- 25 basis points	406,487,123	16,690,167
- 50 basis points	424,677,528	34,880,572
- 75 basis points	444,580,993	54,784,037

*Fair value is based on Pure Multi's proportionate share of stabilized NOI of its entire portfolio, including \$5,625,694 in respect of its equity-accounted investment.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

a) Issuance of Units

On July 29, 2014, Pure Multi completed the closing of a public offering of 6,350,000 Class A Units on a bought deal basis, at a price of \$4.75 per Class A Unit for gross proceeds of \$30,162,500.

b) Preserve at Arbor Hills ("Preserve")

On July 24, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, entered into a conditional, non-binding, purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of Preserve, located in Plano, Texas, for a purchase price of \$41,000,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. The acquisition is expected to close in late August 2014.

c) San Brisas Apartments ("San Brisas")

On July 24, 2014, Pure Multi, through the US REIT, entered into a conditional, non-binding, purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of the remaining 80% interest of San Brisas, located in Chandler, Arizona, for a purchase price of \$22,640,000, plus standard closing costs and adjustments. After the acquisition of the remaining 80% interest of San Brisas, Pure Multi will have a 100% ownership interest in the investment property. The acquisition is expected to close in late August 2014.

